

# Unveiling your keystrokes: A Cache-based Side-channel Attack on Graphics Libraries

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Nael Abu–Ghazaleh, Srikanth V. Krishnamurthy,  
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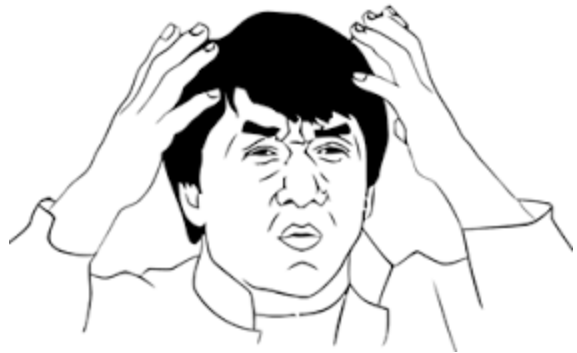
University of California Riverside, Virginia Tech<sup>†</sup>,  
U. S. Army Research Lab<sup>‡</sup>

# Introduction

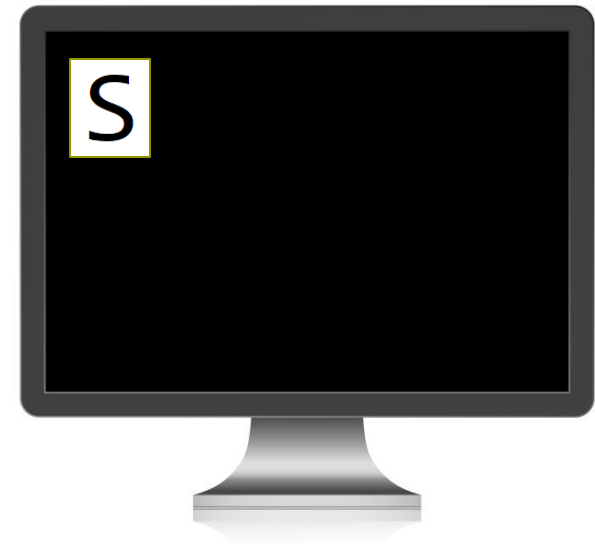
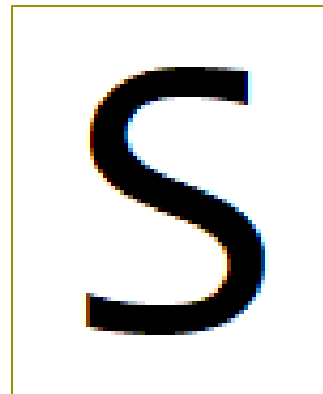
- › Graphics is essential
- › Graphic rendering is complex
  - › gdk, gtk, pixman, freetype, cairo, skia, hwui, ...

# Introduction

- ▶ Graphics is essential
- ▶ Graphic rendering is complex
  - ▶ gdk, gtk, pixman, freetype, cairo, skia, hwui, ...



0x53



# Example



```
static void D32_LCD32_Opaque(...) {  
    ...  
    do {  
        blit_lcd32_opaque_row(dstRow, srcRow, color, width);  
        dstRow = (SkPMColor*)((char*)dstRow + dstRB);  
        srcRow = (const SkPMColor*)((const char*)srcRow + maskRB);  
    } while (--height != 0);  
}
```

```
static void blit_lcd32_opaque_row(dst, src, color, width) {  
    ...  
    for (int i = 0; i < width; i++) {  
        if (0 == src[i]) {  
            continue;  
        }  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

# Example



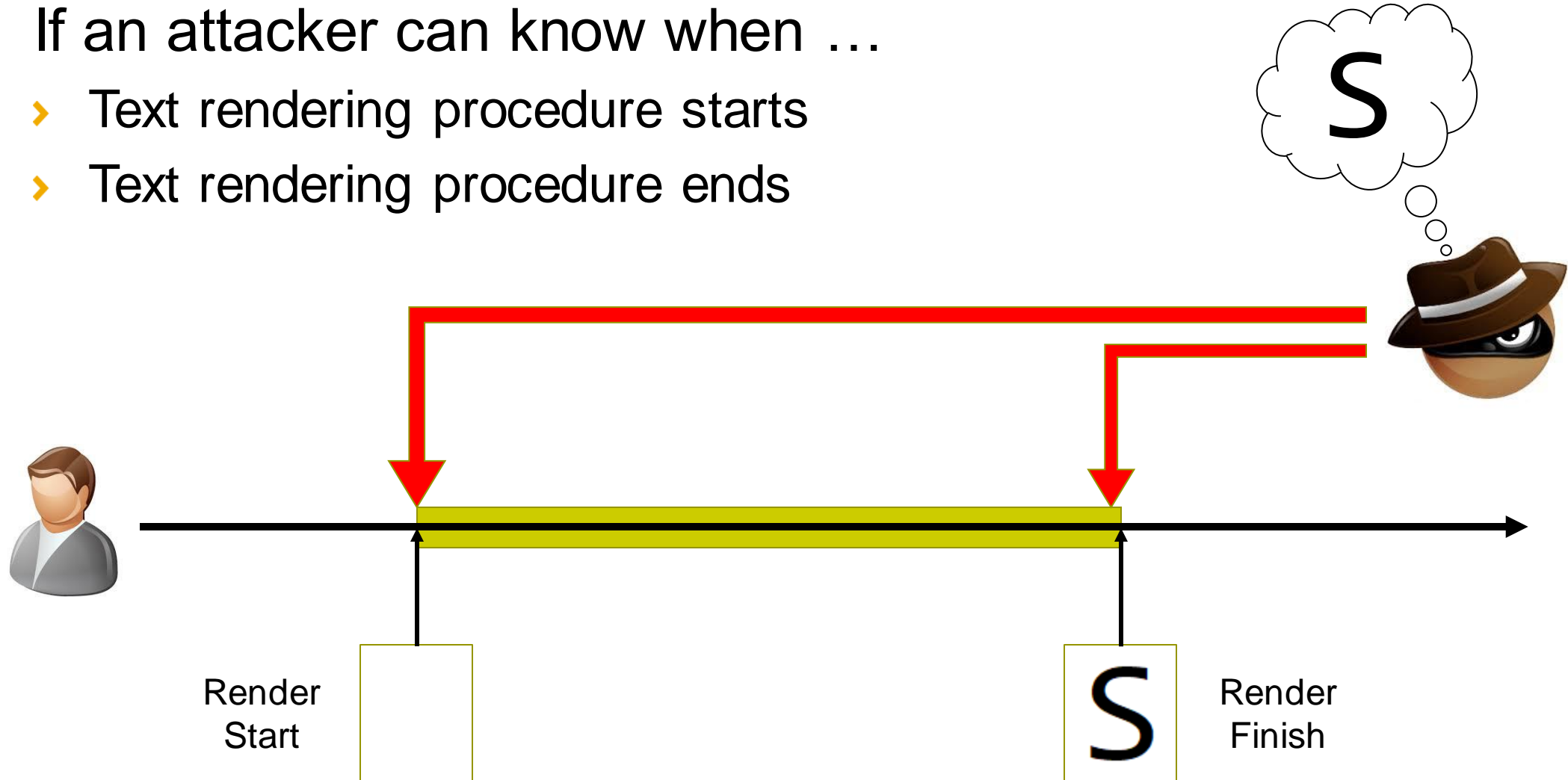
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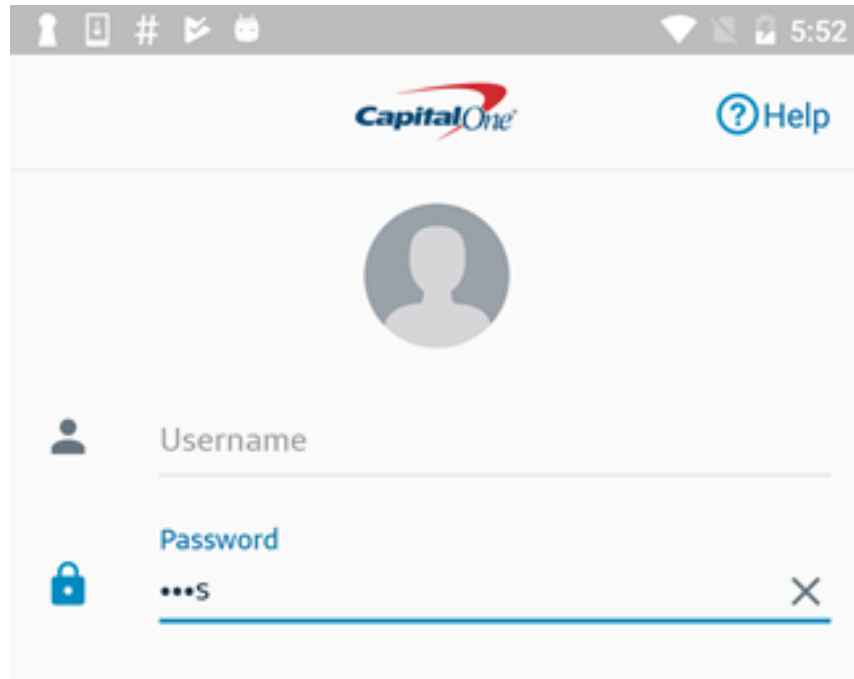
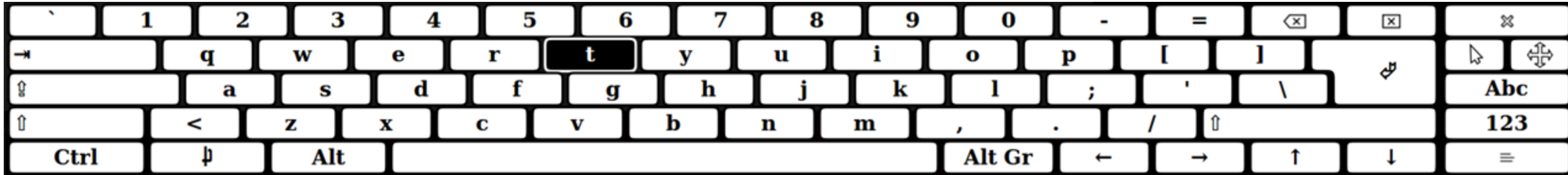
**NOT CONSTANT TIME!**

# Exploiting the Side-channel

- ▶ If an attacker can know when ...
  - ▶ Text rendering procedure starts
  - ▶ Text rendering procedure ends



# Potentially Vulnerable Apps



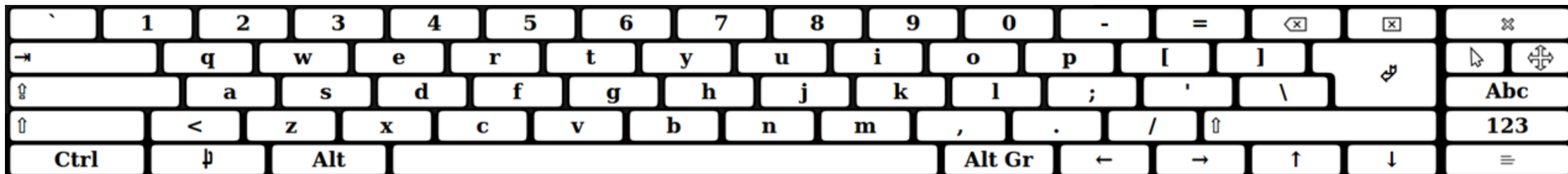
# Example: Onboard

- ▶ Onscreen keyboard
  - ▶ Ubuntu 16.04

10 Ways to Stay Safe from  
Cyber Attacks



6. While using third party computers, use an on-screen keyboard while entering important details





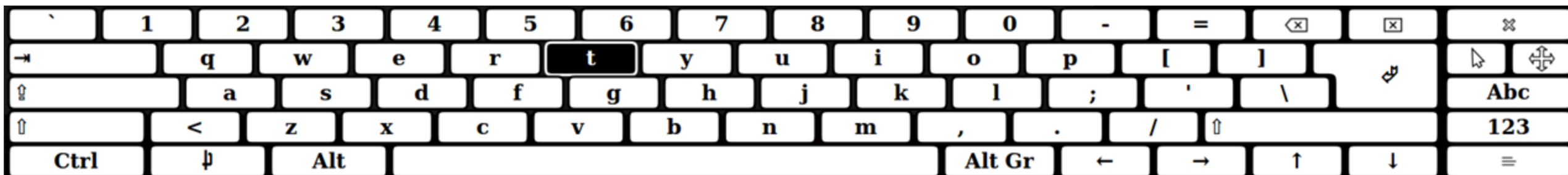
# Example: Onboard

- ▶ Onscreen keyboard
  - ▶ Ubuntu 16.04

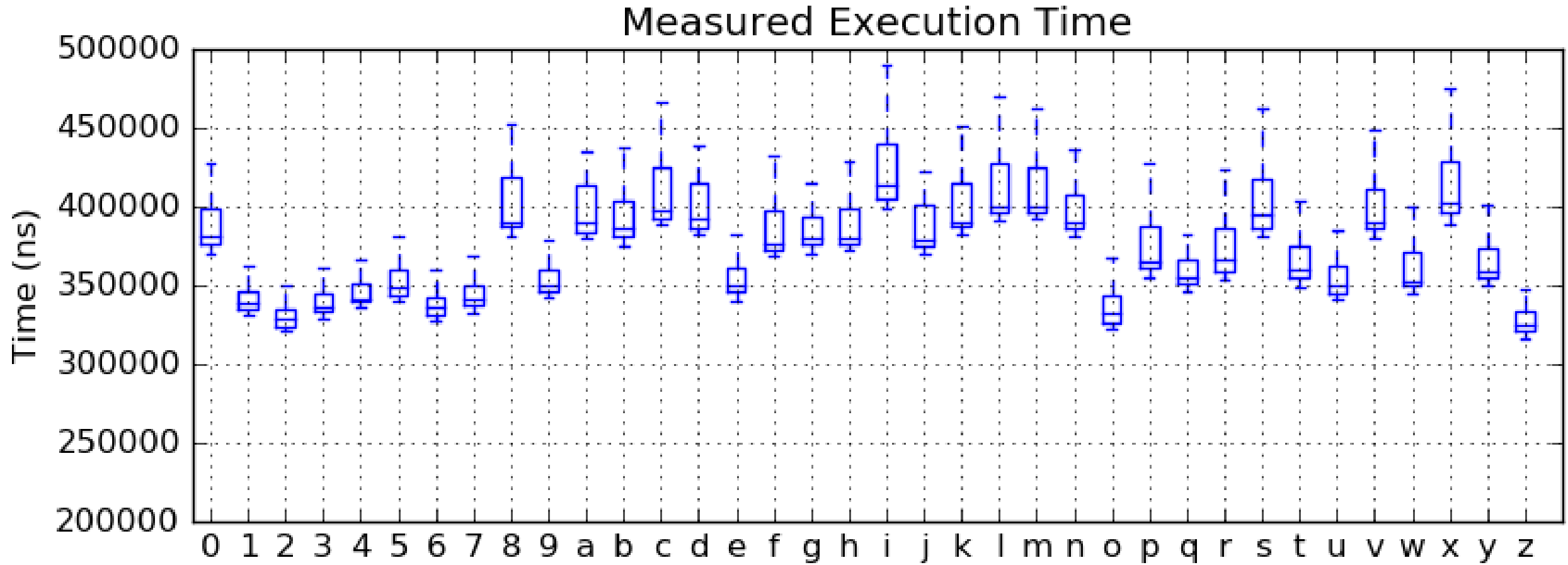
## 10 Ways to Stay Safe from Cyber Attacks



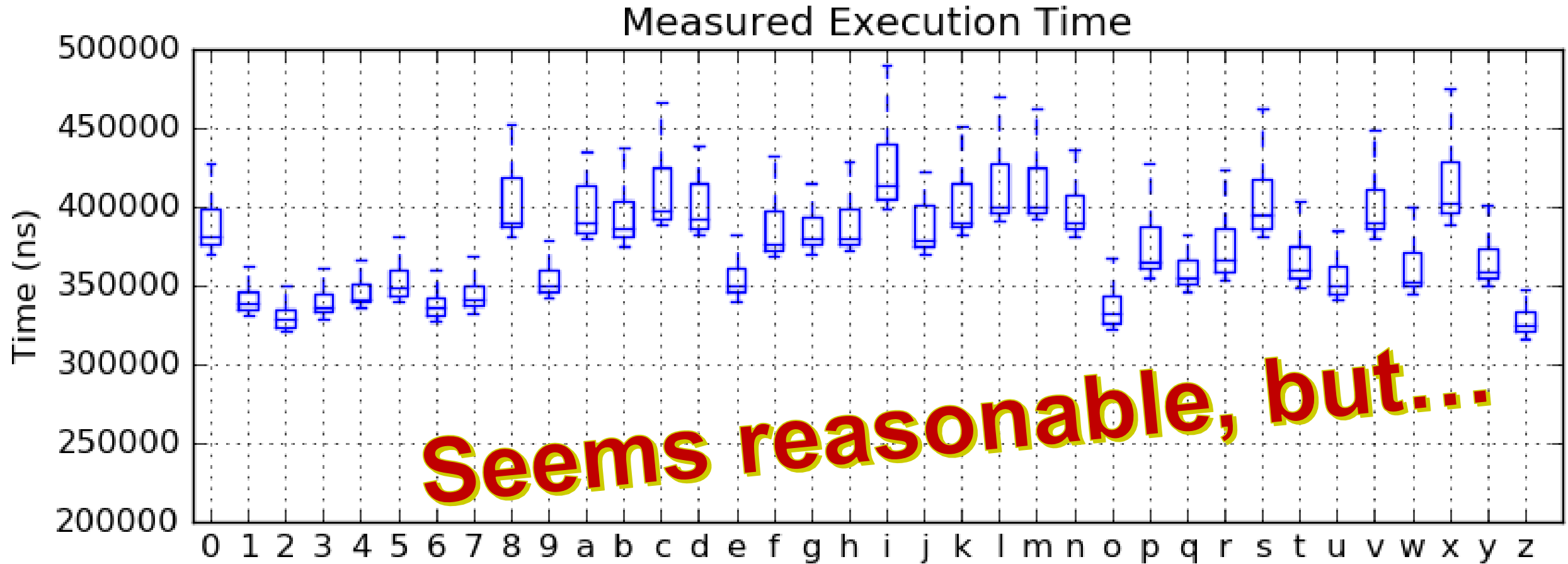
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# Attack: Onboard

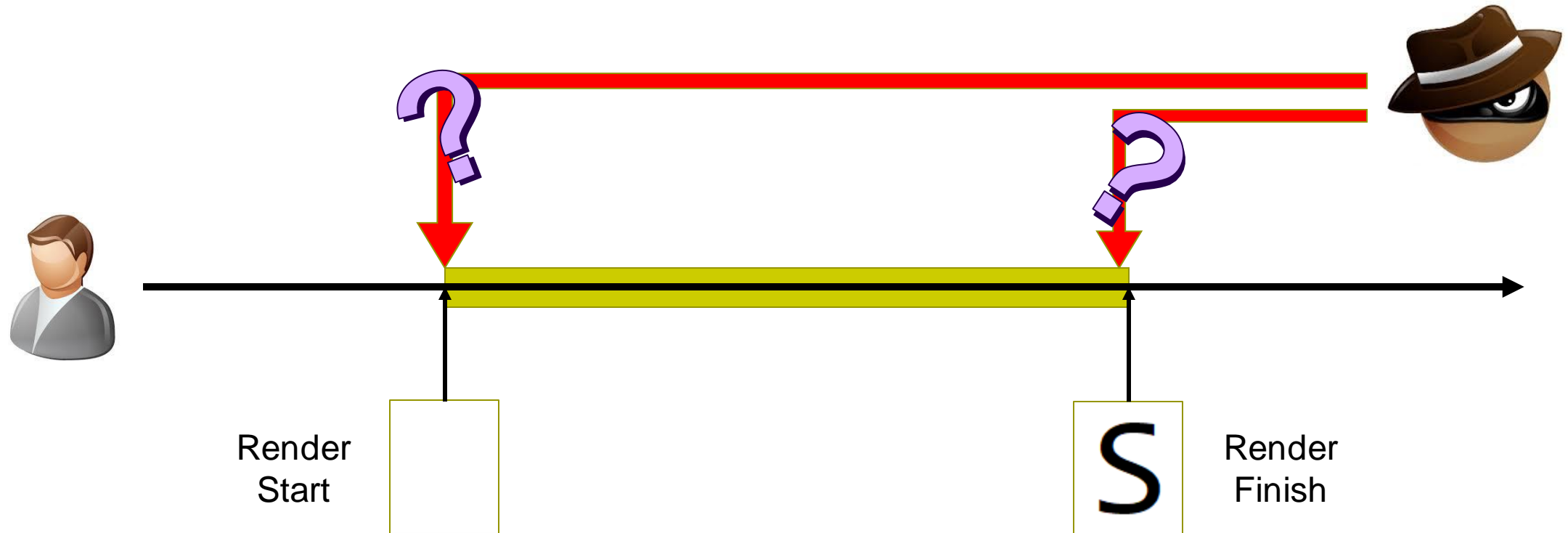


# Attack: Onboard



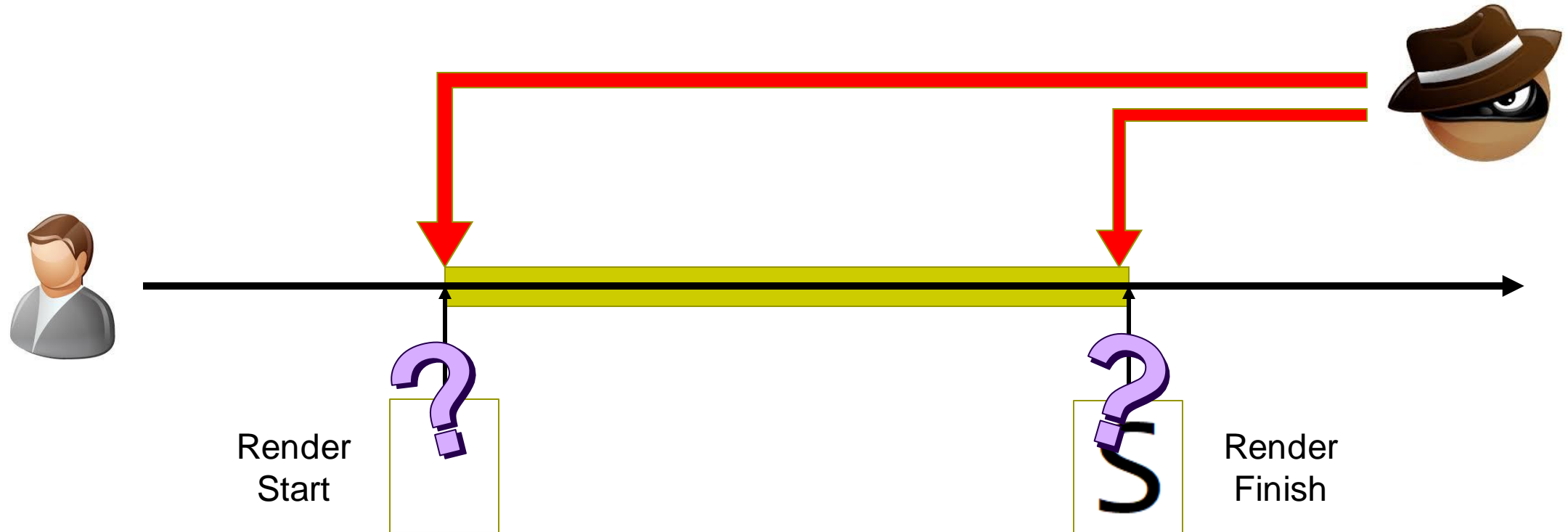
# Challenges

- How to perform measurement?
  - Unprivileged attacker



# Challenges

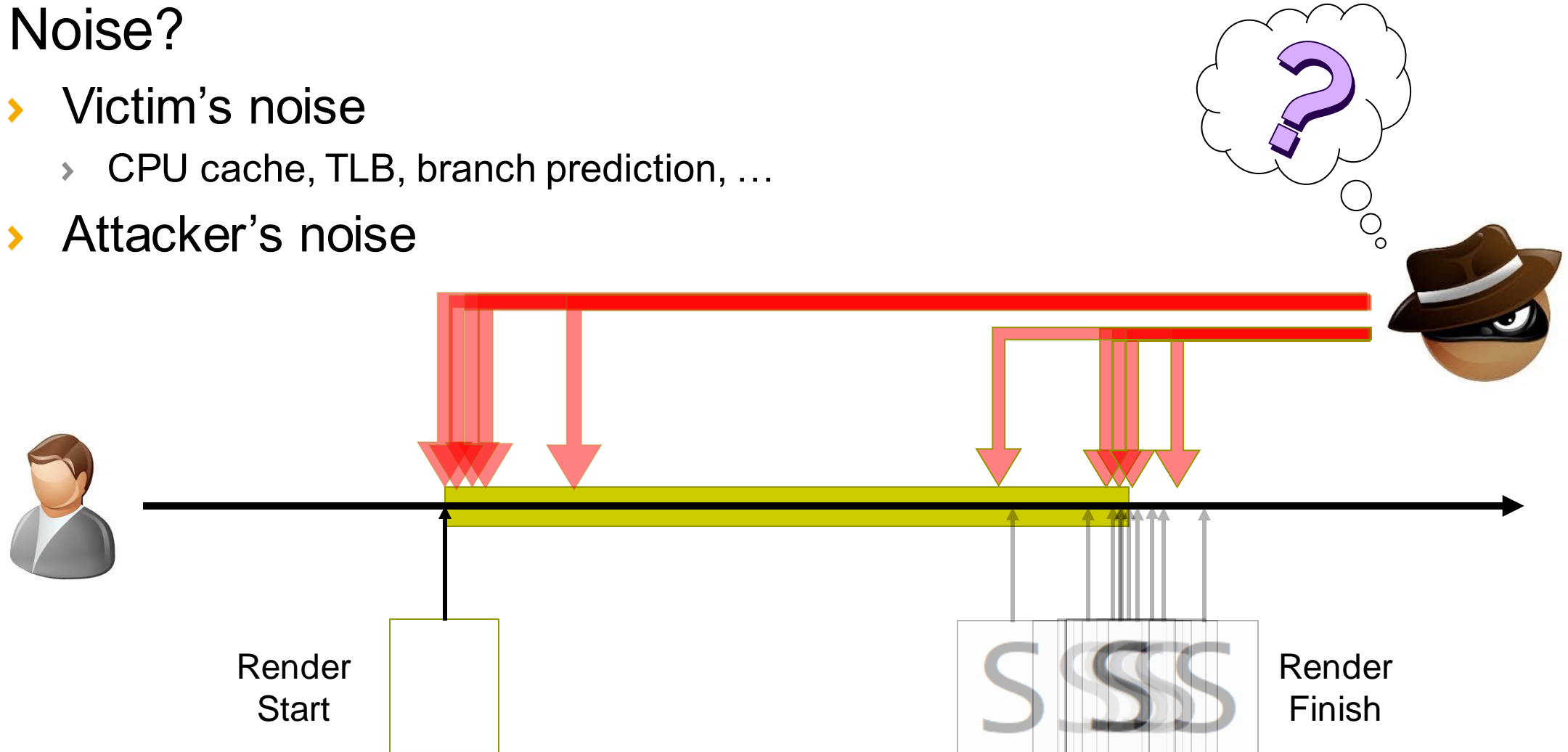
- How to find start/end of rendering?
  - Millions of code. Multiple libraries.
  - Varies from application to application.



# Challenges

## ➤ Noise?

- Victim's noise
  - CPU cache, TLB, branch prediction, ...
- Attacker's noise



# Challenges



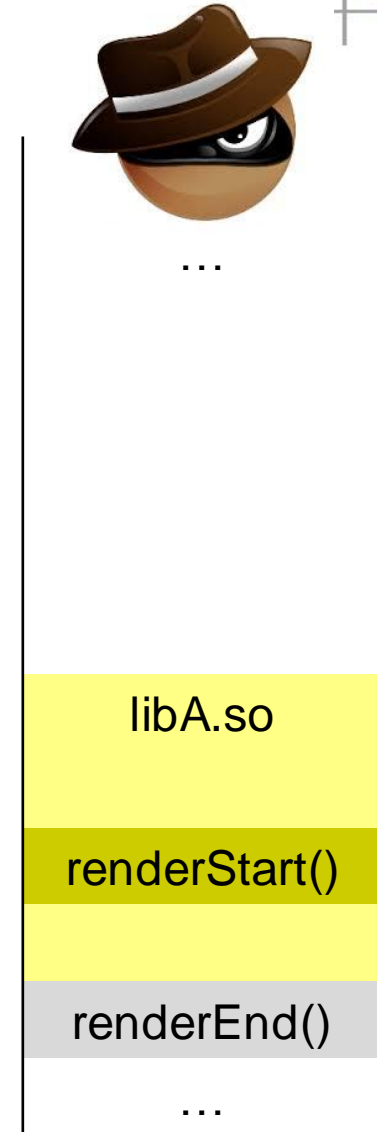
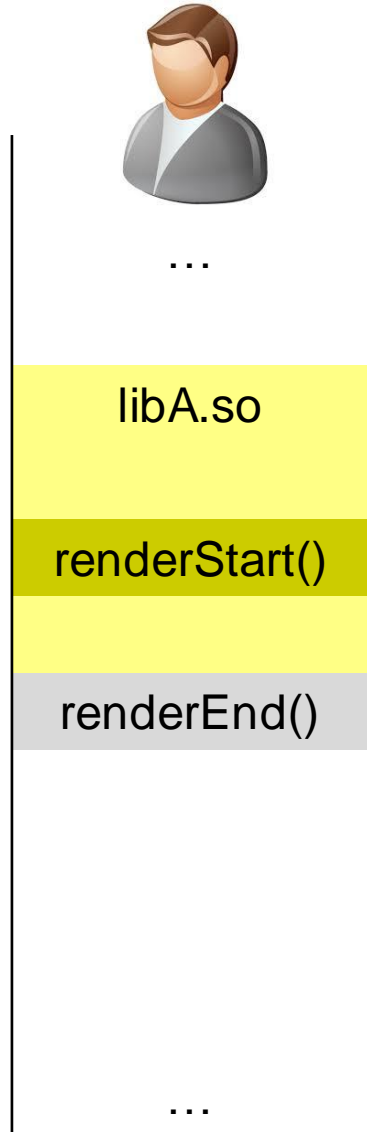
- › Perform measurement without privilege
- › Discover side-channel in graphic libraries
- › Noise-resistant key prediction

# Threat Model

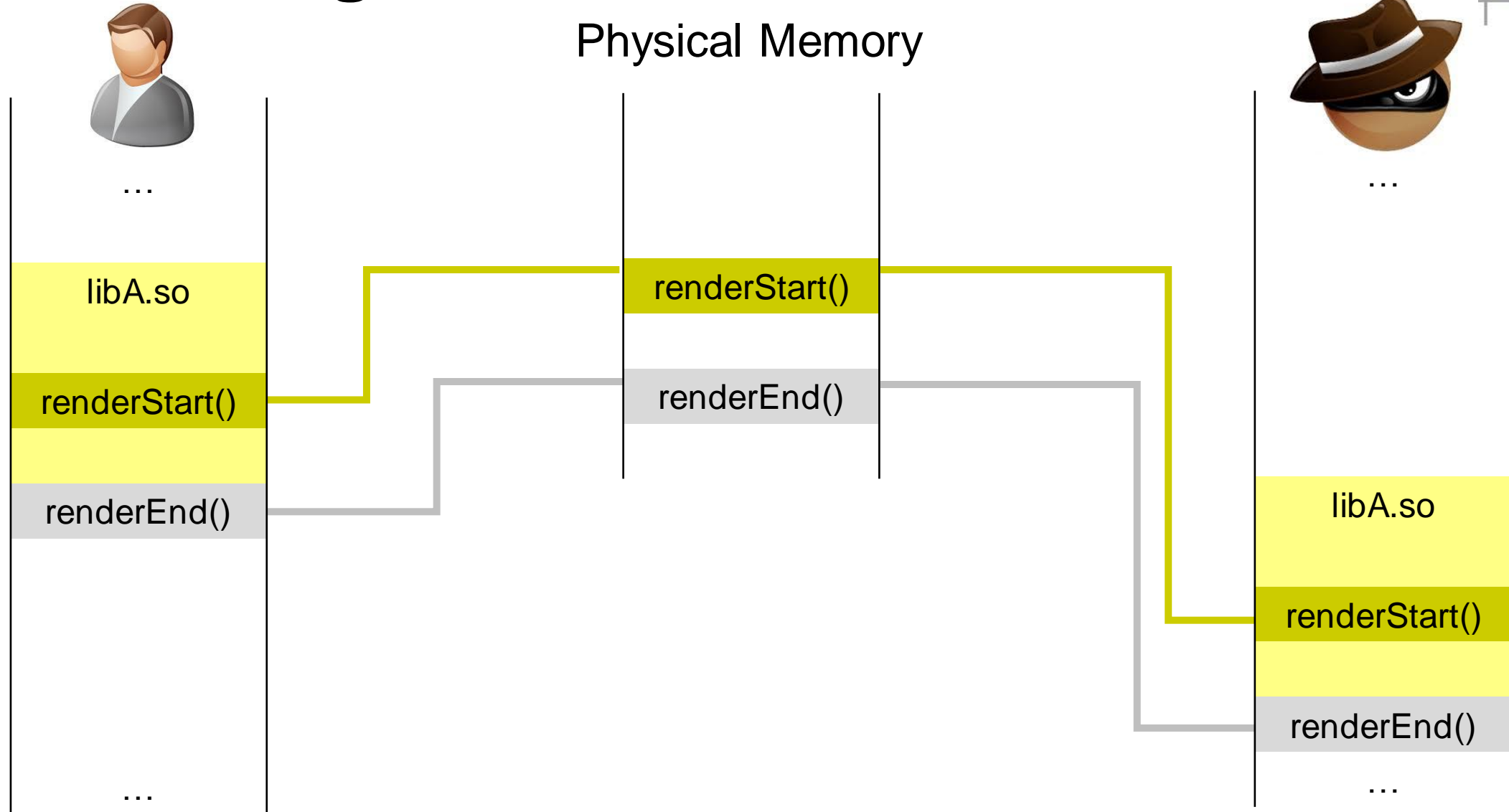
- ▶ Attacker's goal
  - ▶ Eavesdrop sensitive text input that will be rendered on screen
    - ▶ PIN, passwd, etc
  
- ▶ Attacker's capabilities
  - ▶ Access to same model/version of victim's hardware and graphic libraries
    - ▶ Offline profiling
  - ▶ Launch unprivileged process alongside victim process
    - ▶ Online attack



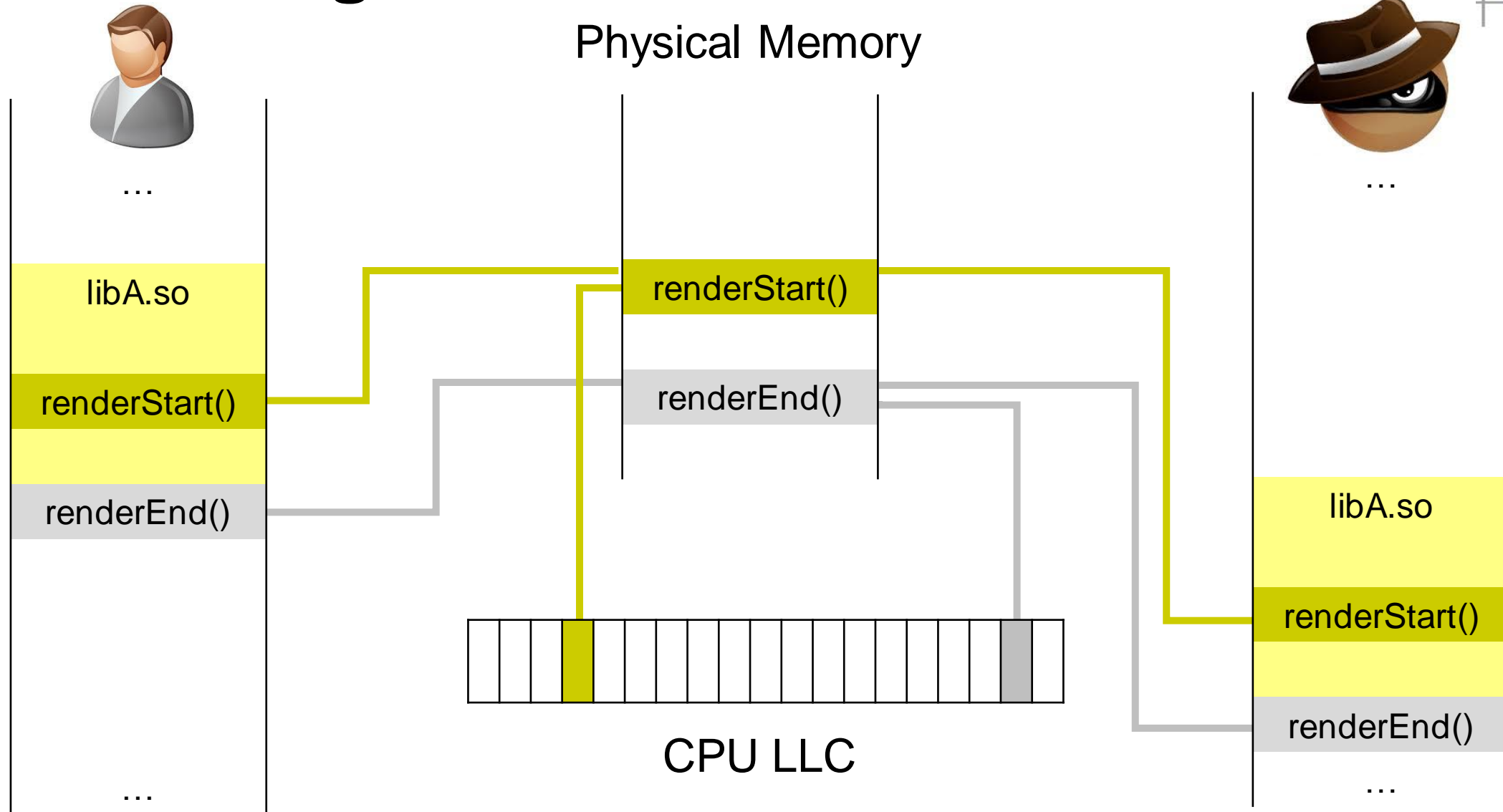
# Performing Measurement



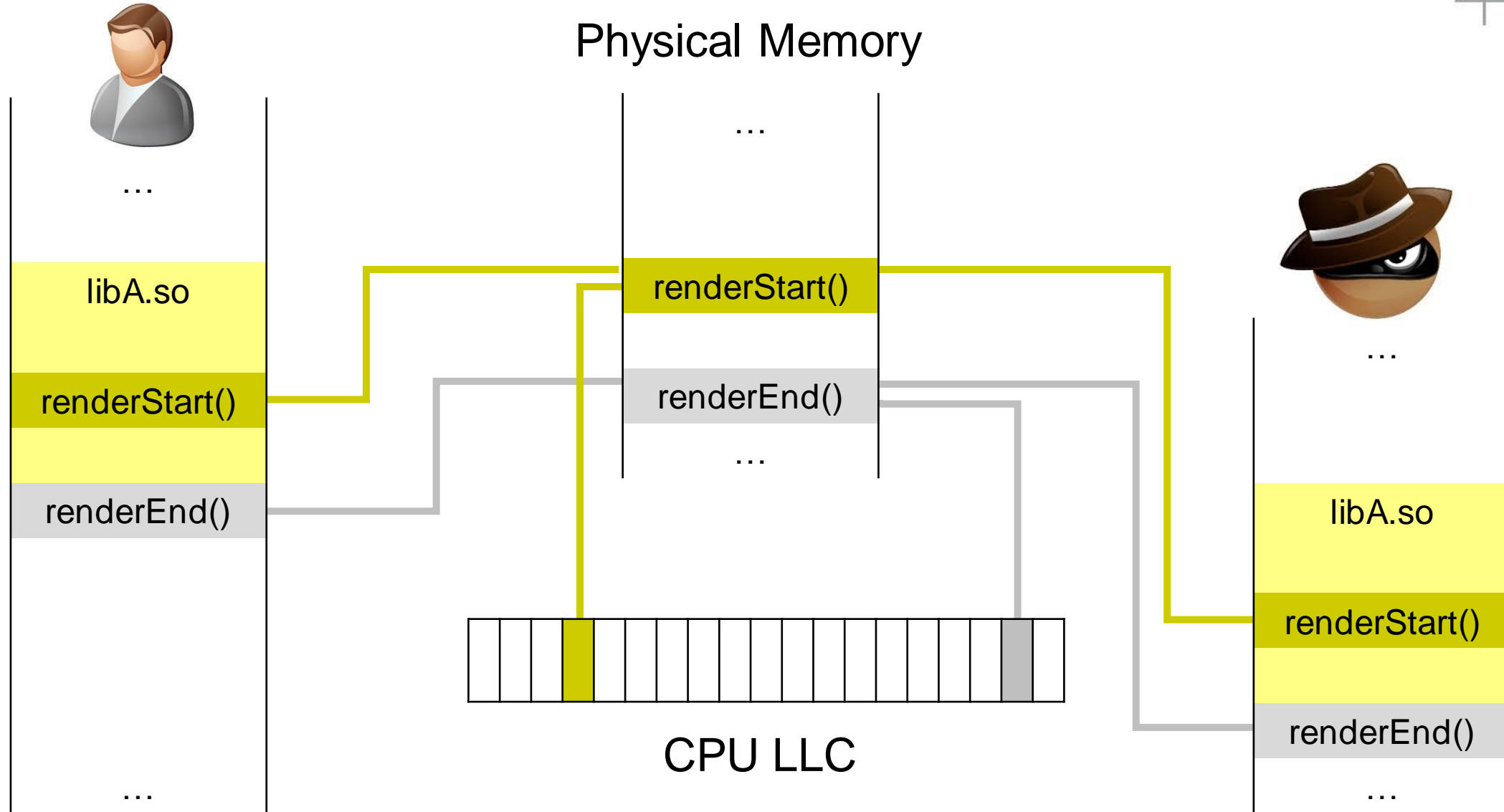
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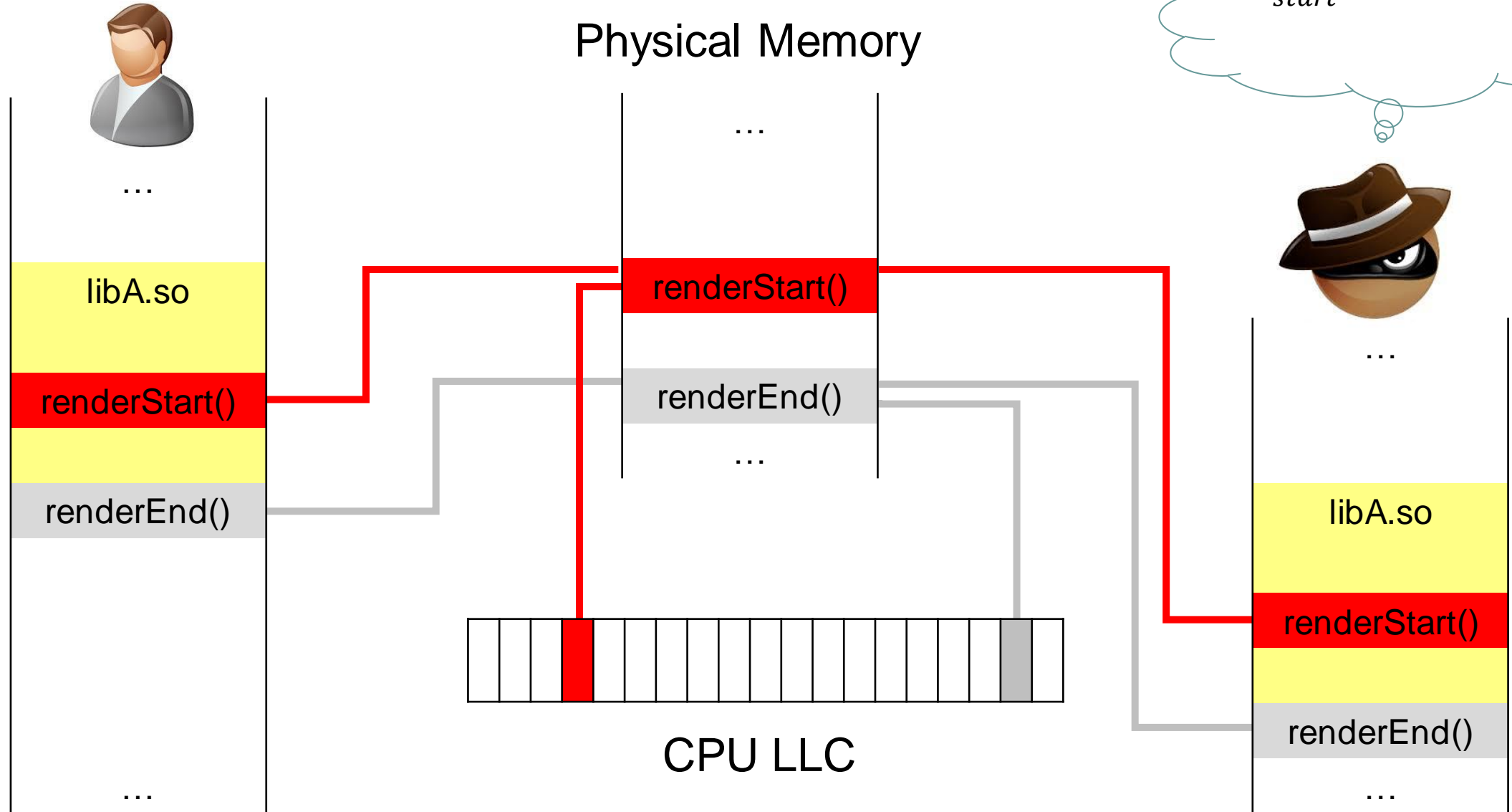
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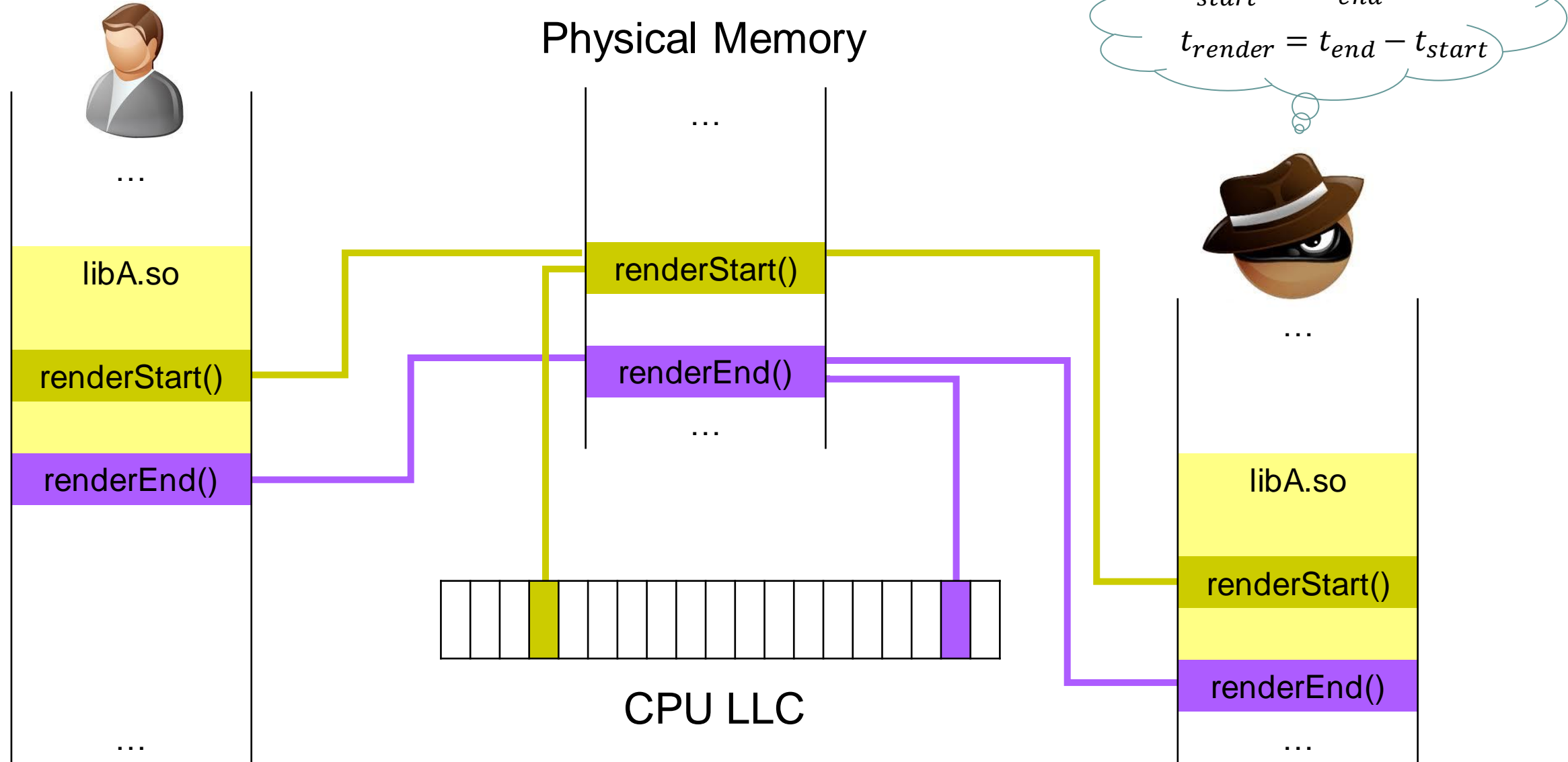
# Flush+Reload



# Flush+Reload

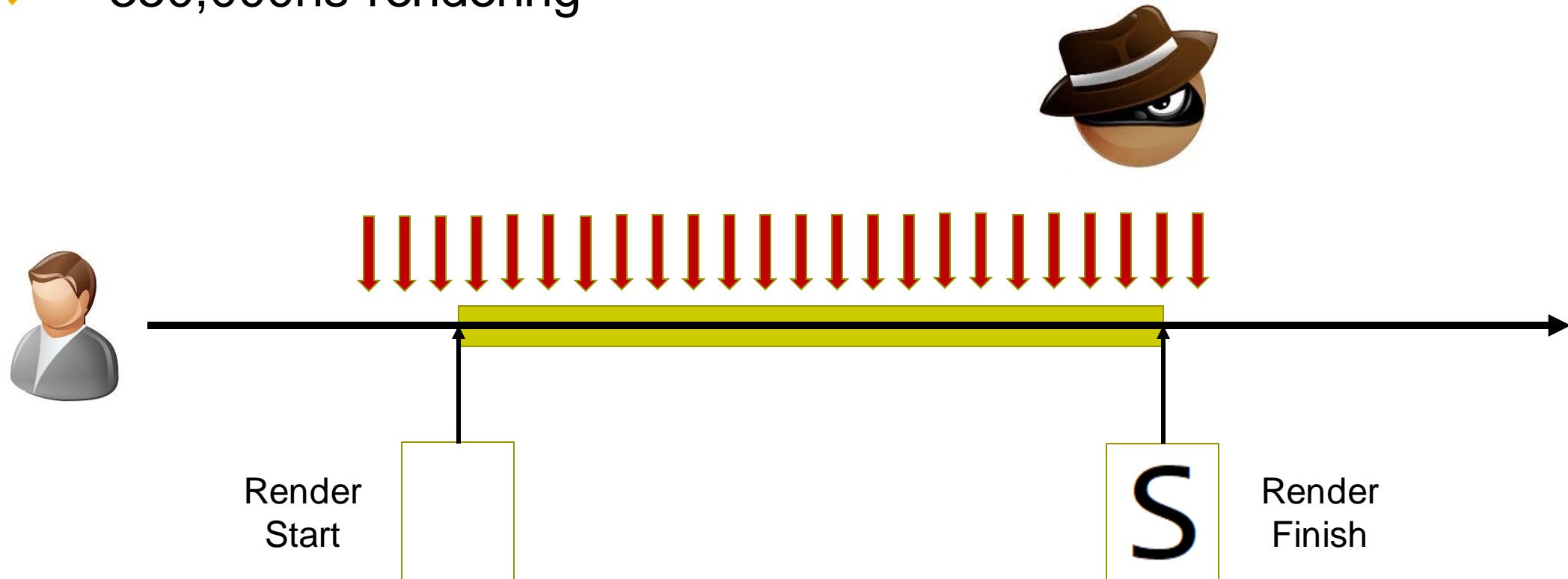


# Flush+Reload



# Measurement Resolution

- ▶ Onboard
  - ▶ ~ 600ns per round
  - ▶ ~ 350,000ns rendering



# Side-channel Discovery

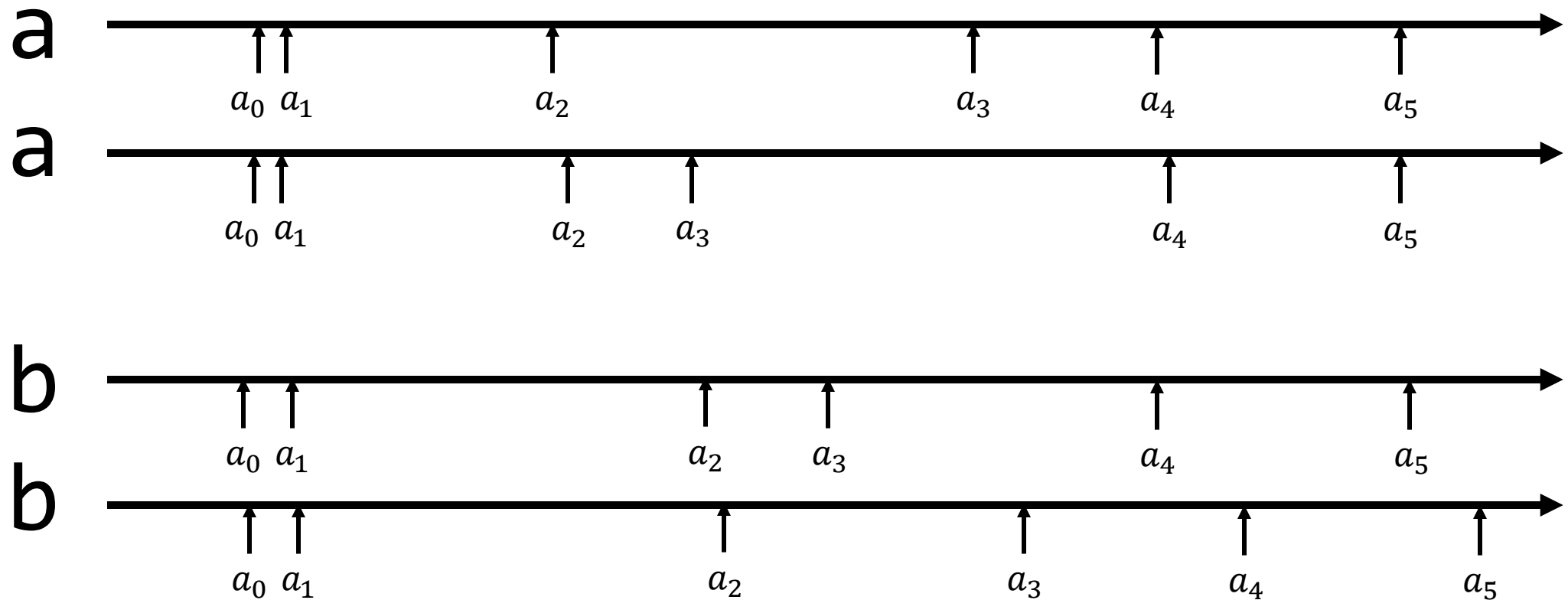
- ▶ Instrument graphic libraries & collect victim trace





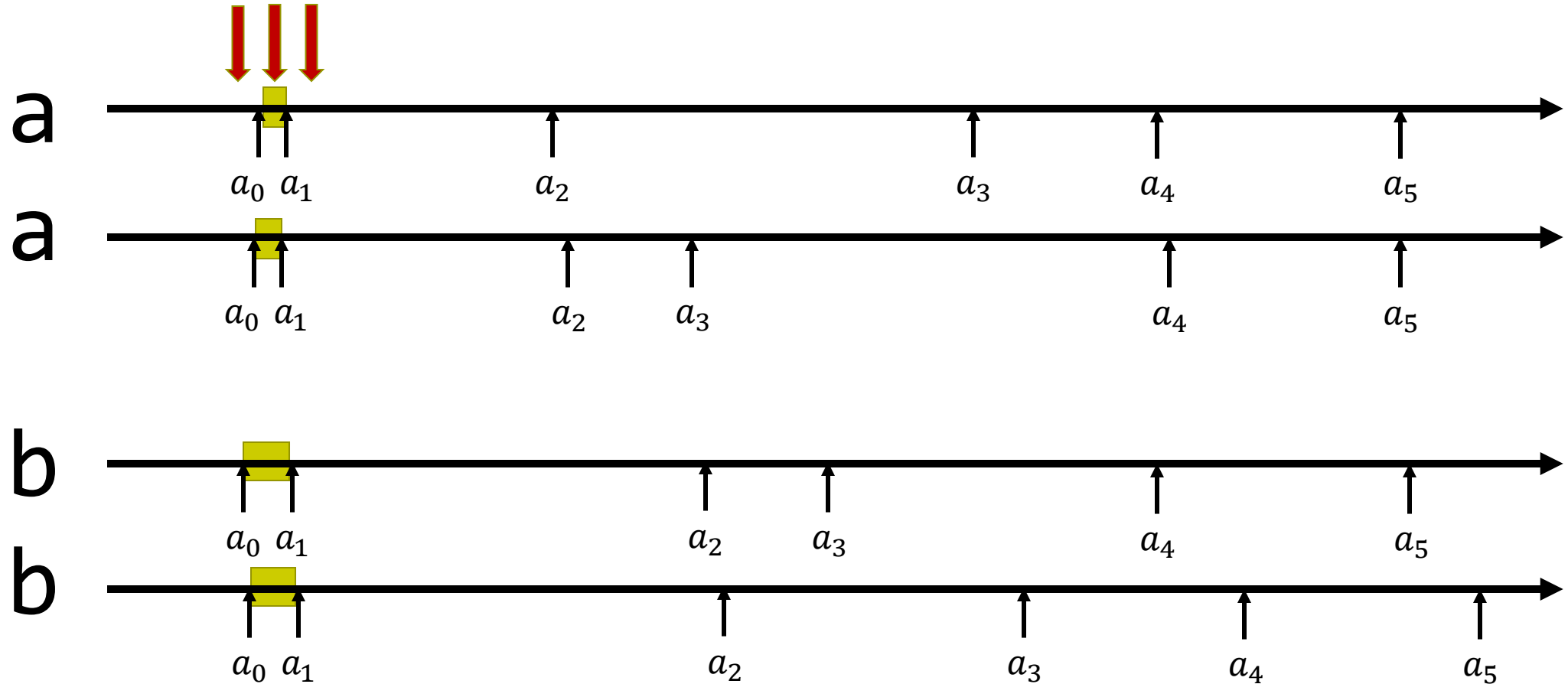
# Side-channel Discovery

- Instrument graphic libraries & collect victim trace



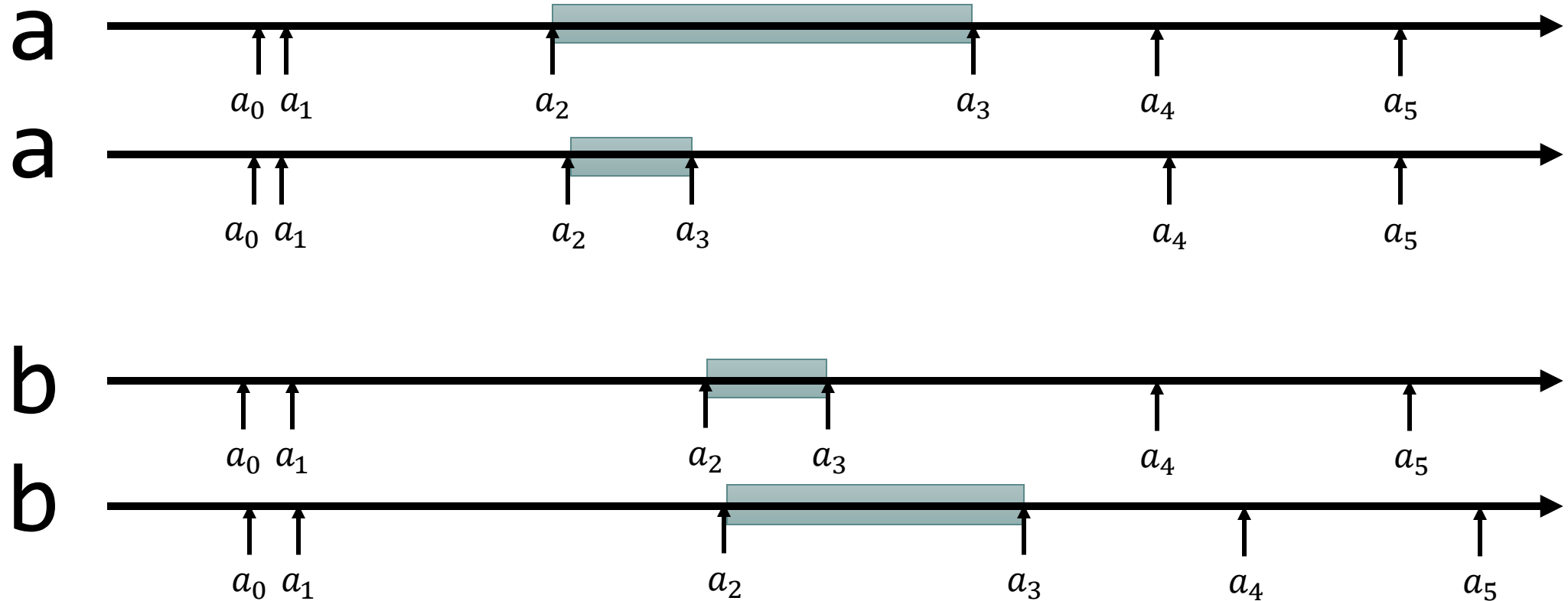
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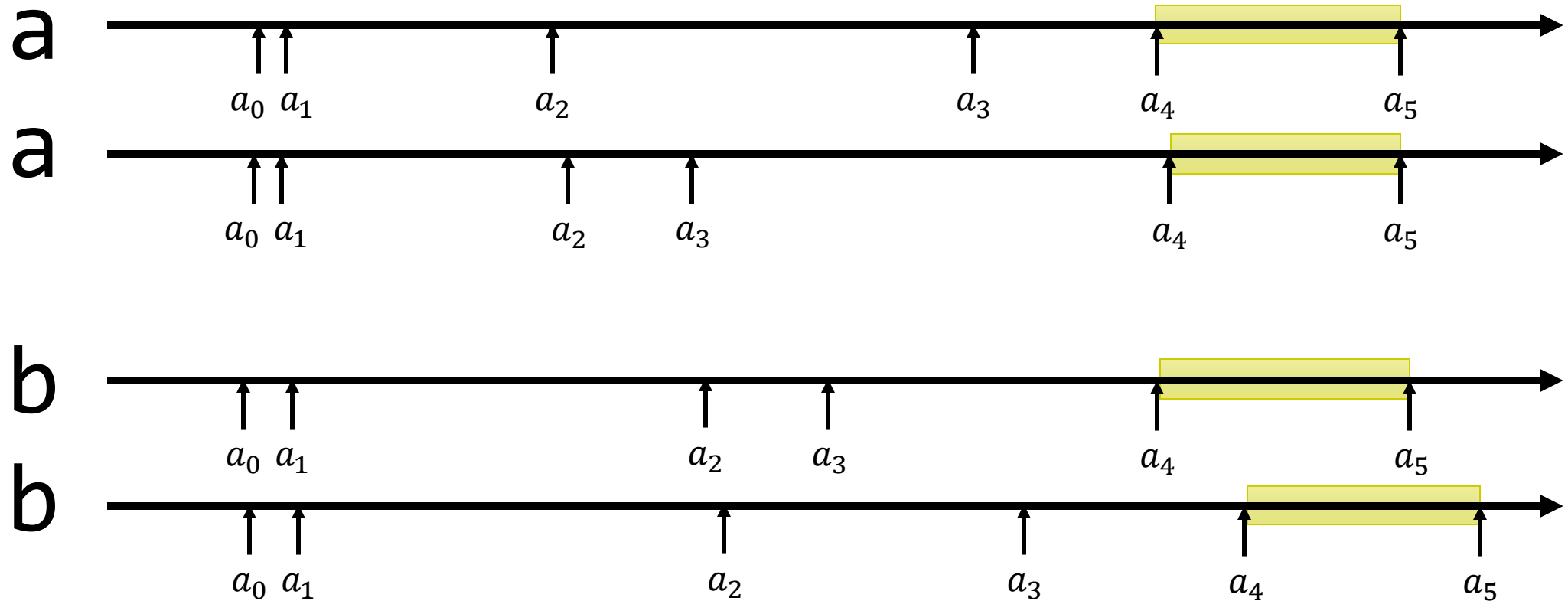
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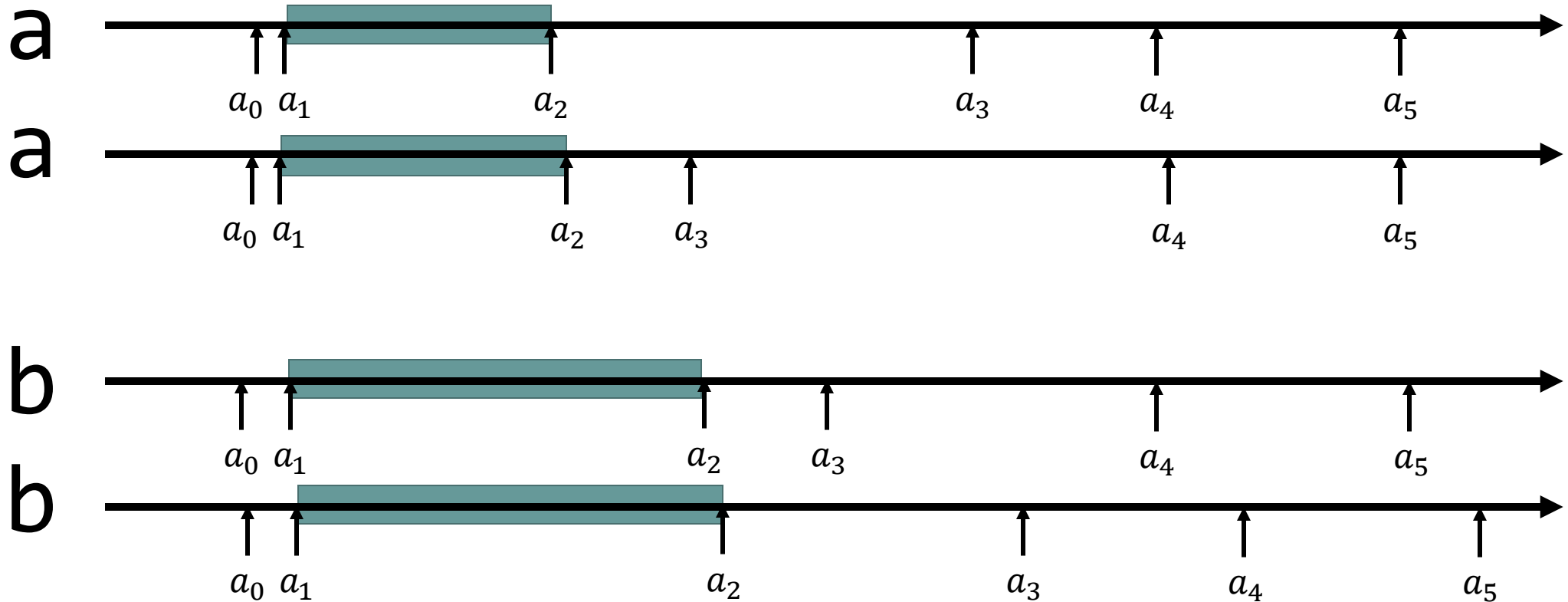
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# Side-channel Discovery

- Instrument graphic libraries & collect victim trace



# Side-channel Discovery

- ▶ Select pairs of addresses  $(a_x, a_y)$ 
  - ▶  $dist(a_x, a_y)$  is long enough for flush+reload to measure
  - ▶  $dist(a_x, a_y)$  is stable across the same input
  - ▶  $dist(a_x, a_y)$  has high information gain
  - ▶  $a_x, a_y$  not affected by cache architecture



> 6 million pairs



~1000 pairs

# Side-channel Discovery

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  - ▶  $dist(a_x, a_y)$  is stable across the same input
  - ▶  $dist(a_x, a_y)$  has high information gain
  - ▶  $a_x, a_y$  not affected by cache architecture
- ▶ Sanity Check: Run attack offline
  - ▶ Filter out addressed affected system noise
  - ▶ Filter out addressed affected by instrumentation



> 6 million pairs



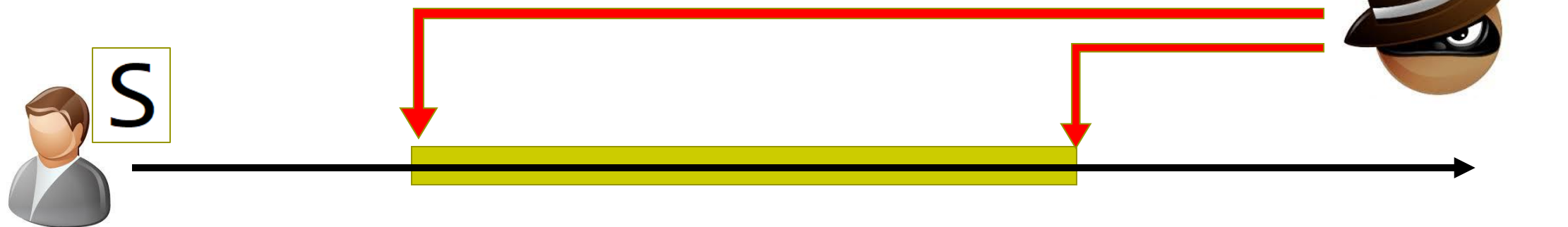
~1000 pairs



<100 pairs

# Keypress Prediction

- > Machine Learning Model Construction
  - > Collect measurements for all different user inputs
  - > Random Forest with 100 estimators
  
- > Keypress Prediction
  - > Classify measurement with confidence





# Challenges

- ✓ Perform measurement without privilege
- ✓ Discover side-channel in graphic libraries
- ✓ Noise-resistant key prediction

# Attack 1: Onboard



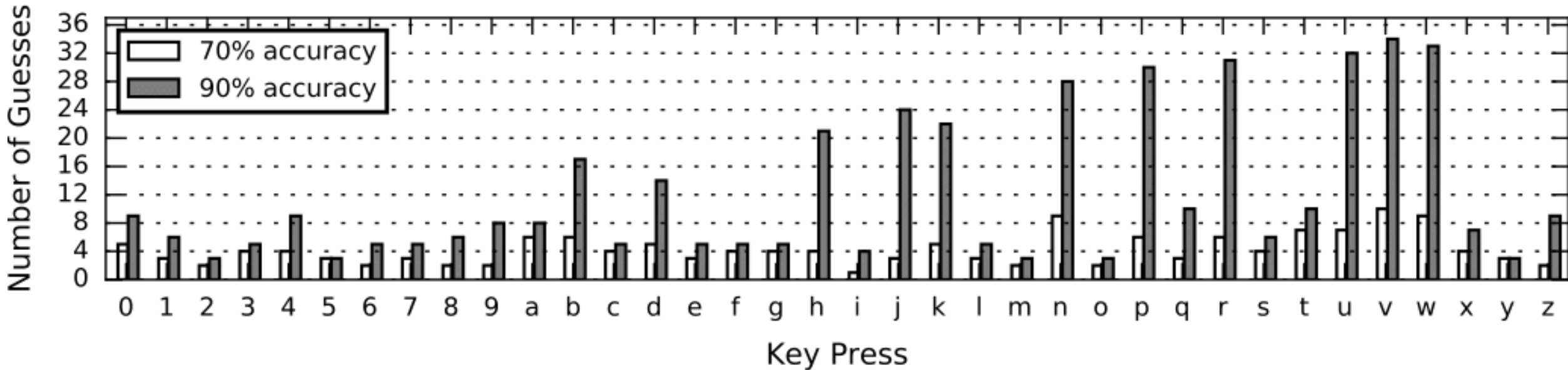
› Ubuntu 16.04, Intel Core i7-4770

#	Address	Library	Function
1	0x75a40	libcairo.so	_cairo_surface_create_scratch
	0x69e40	libcairo.so	_cairo_scaled_font_map_lock
2	0x69e40	libcairo.so	_cairo_scaled_font_map_lock
	0x41f40	libcairo.so	_cairo_intern_string
3	0x24440	libcairo.so	_cairo_clip_copy_with_translation
	0xbe000	libcairo.so	_cairo_ft_unscaled_font_lock_face
4	0x6b900	libcairo.so	_cairo_path_fixed_approximate_stroke_extents
	0x41700	libcairo.so	_intern_string_pluc
5	0x6a5c0	libcairo.so	_cairo_scaled_font_thaw_cache
	0x41700	libcairo.so	_intern_string_pluc

# Attack 1: Onboard



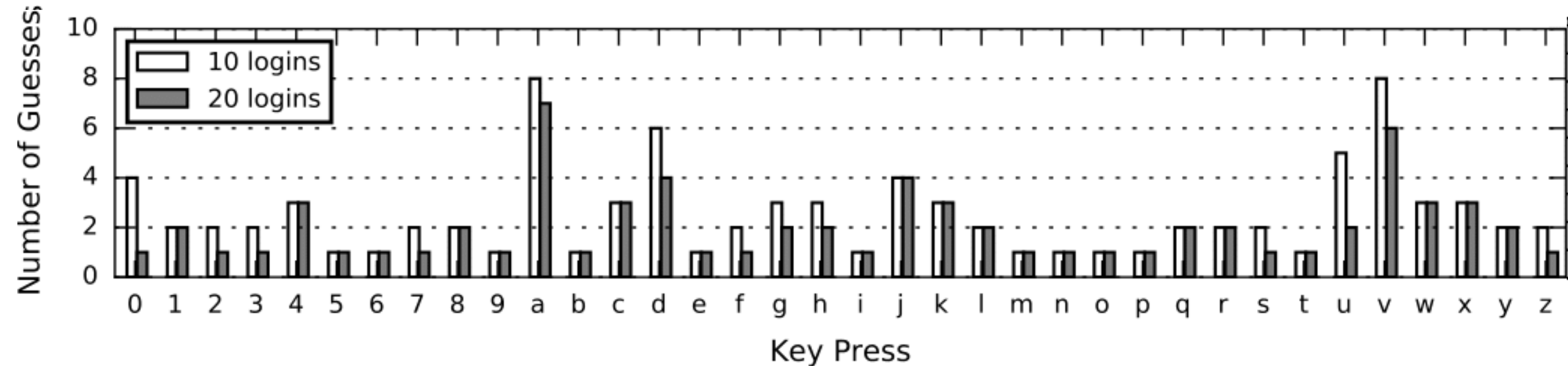
- ▶ Single keypress prediction



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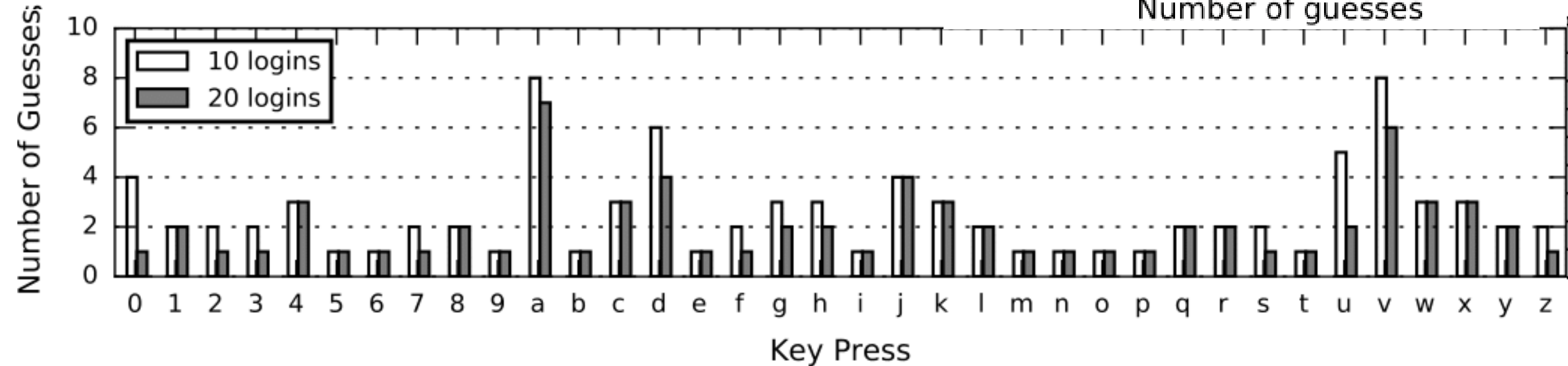
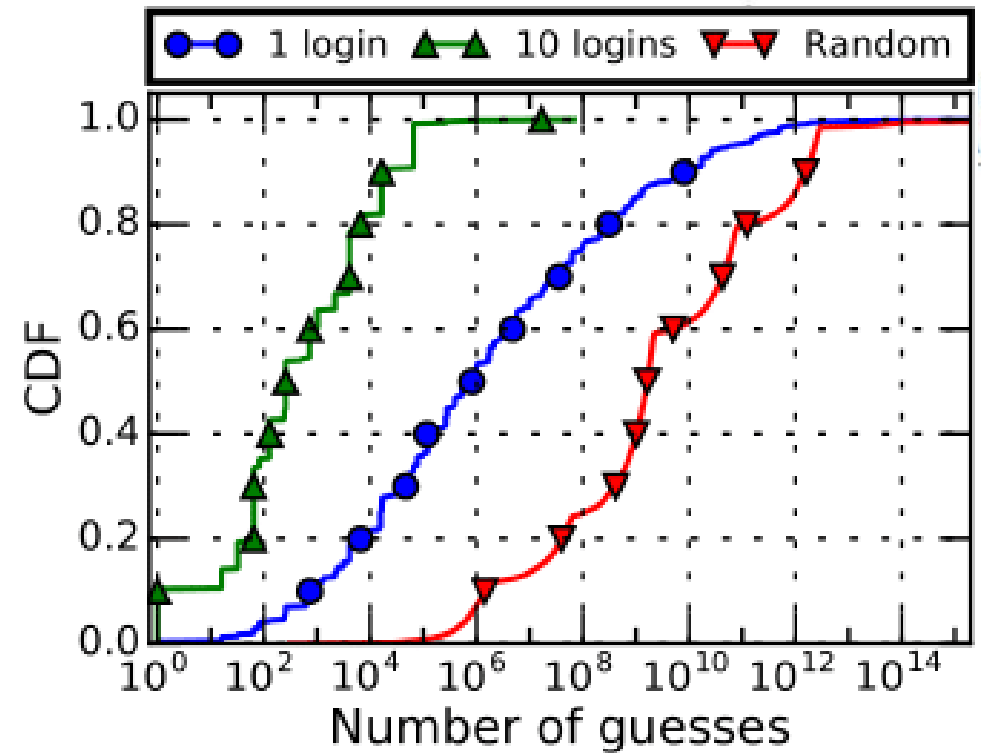


- Single keypress prediction
- Augment 1: Multiple logins



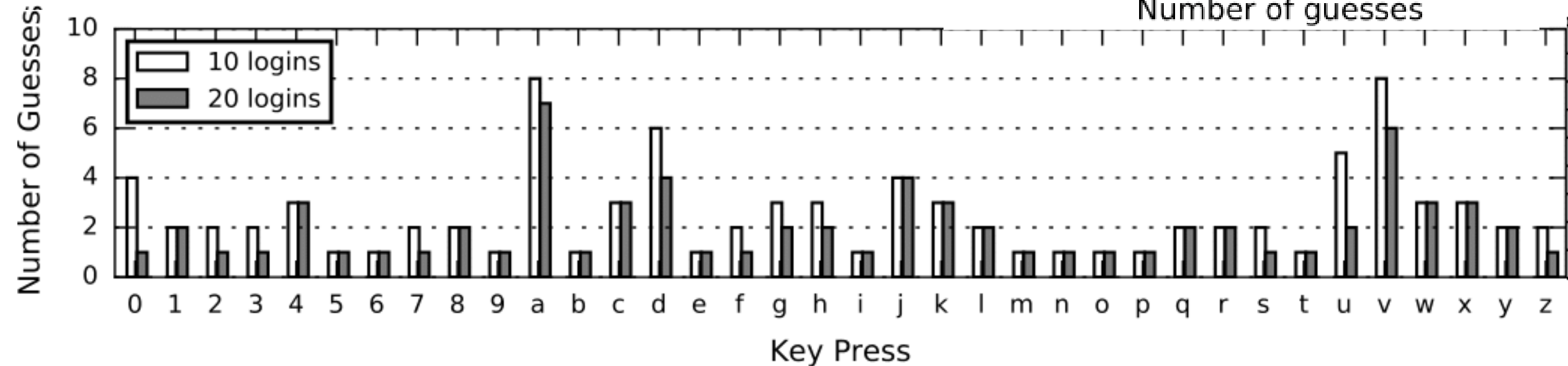
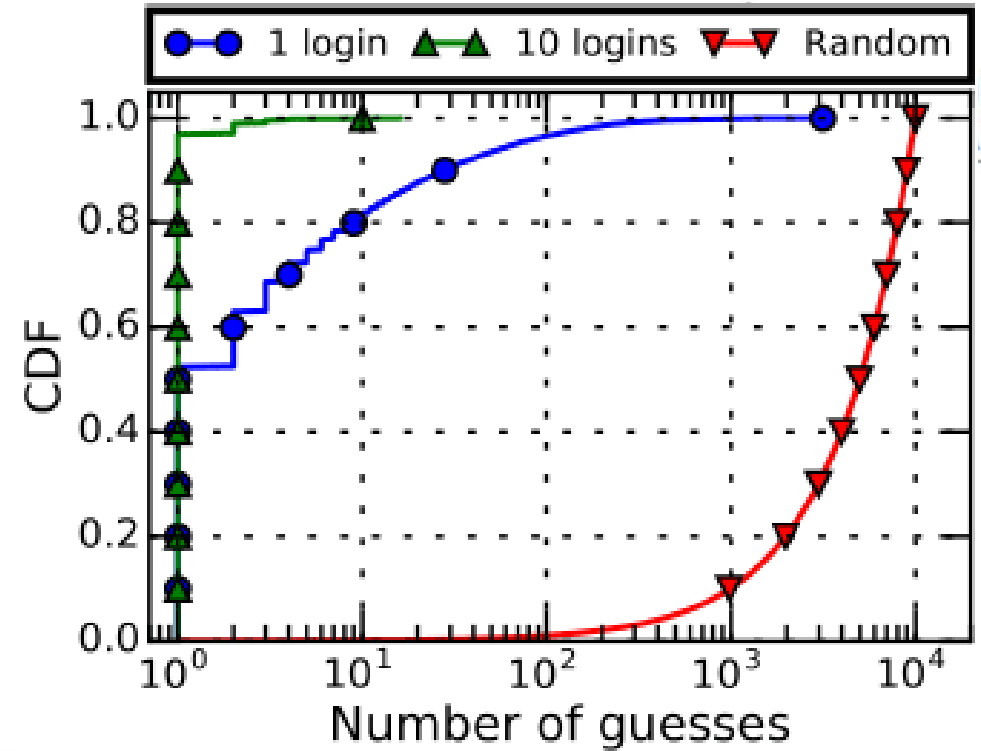
# Attack 1: Onboard

- Single keypress prediction
- Augment 1: Multiple logins



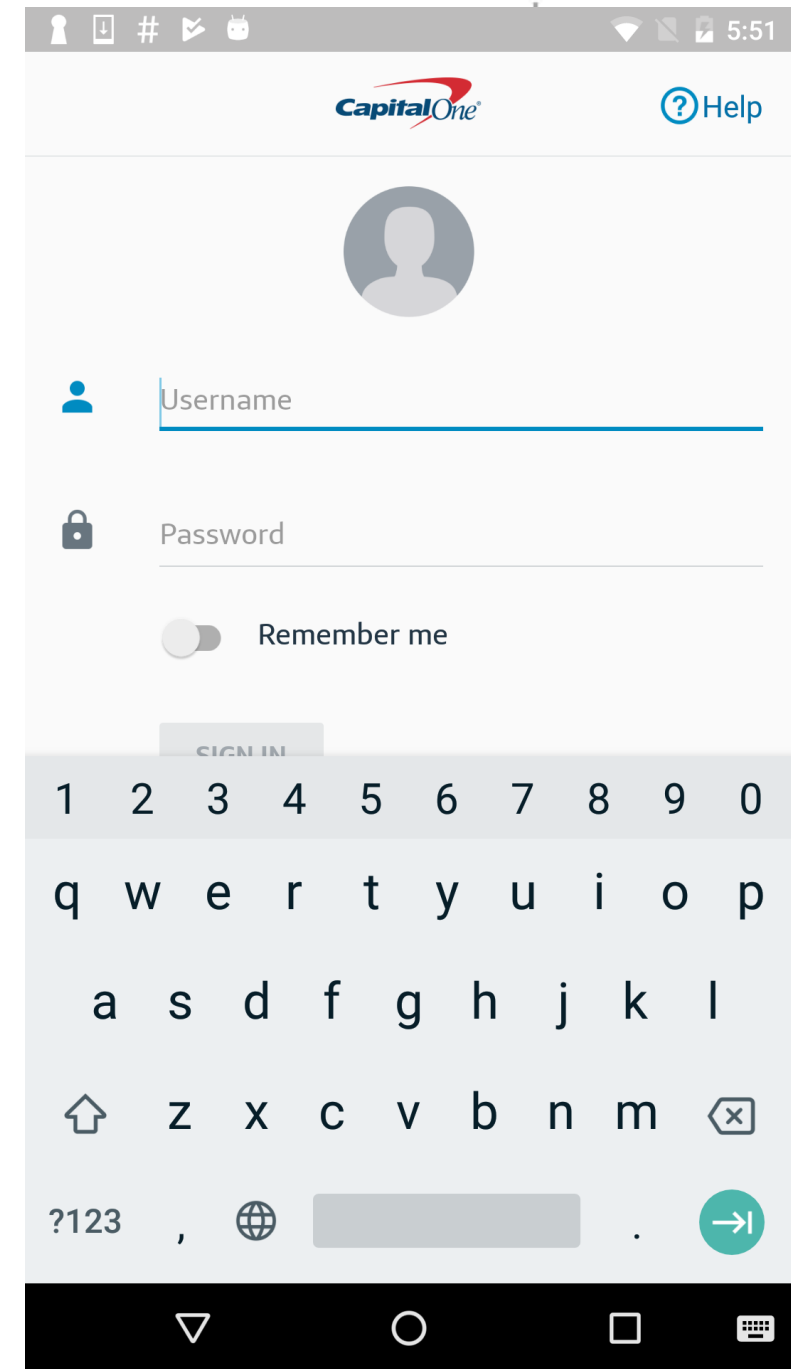
# Attack 1: Onboard

- Single keypress prediction
- Augment 1: Multiple logins
- Augment 2: Dictionary



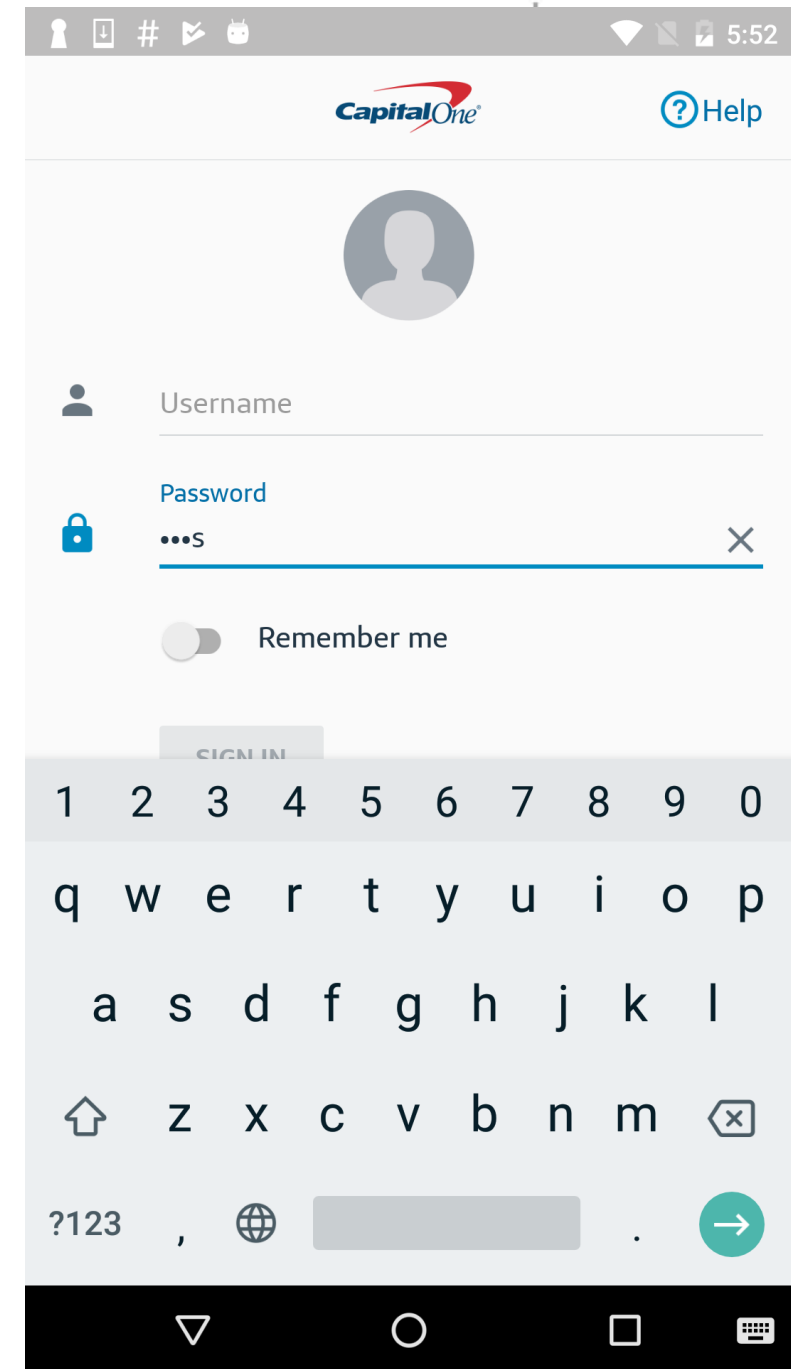
# Attack 2: Capital One

- › Huawei Nexus 6P. Android 8.0
- › Flush+reload => Evict+reload
  - › Resolution 20x lower than Intel



# Attack 2: Capital One

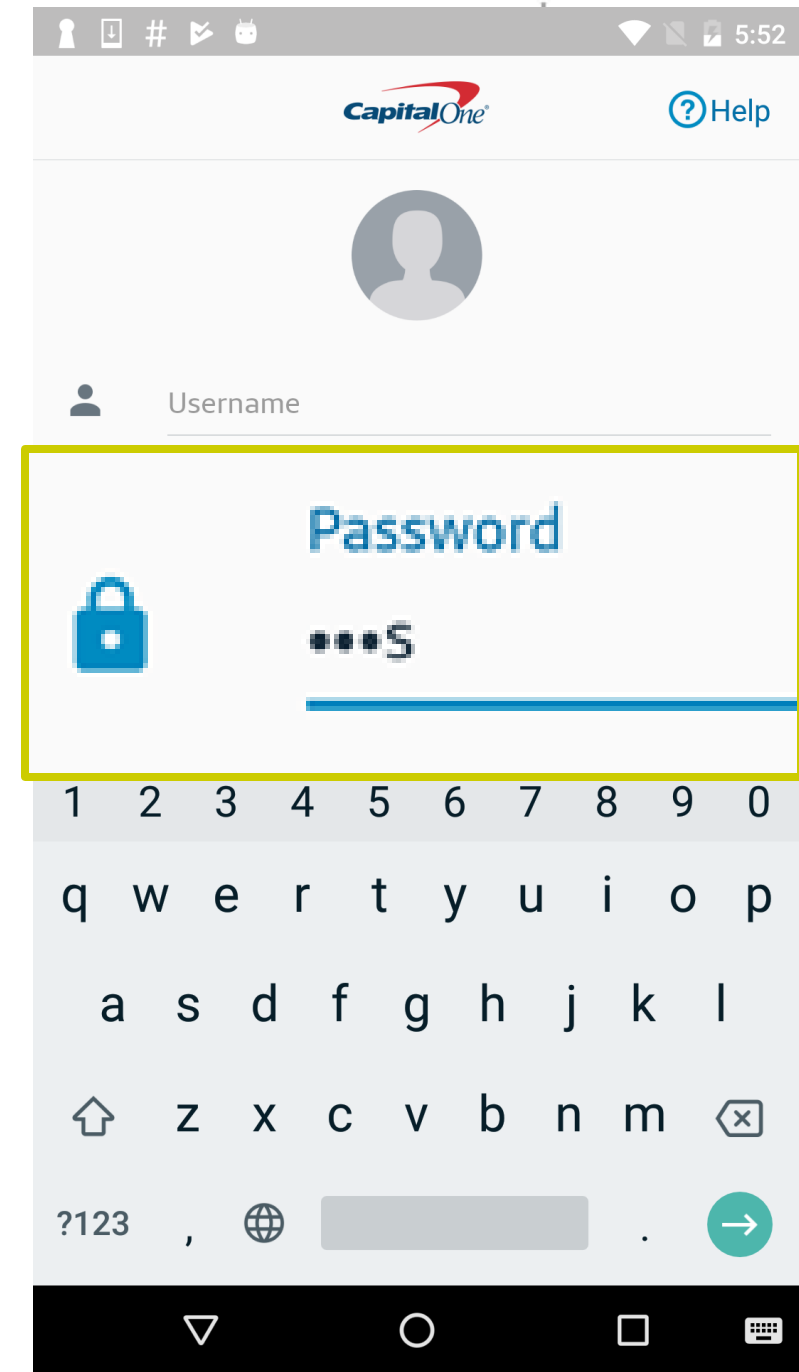
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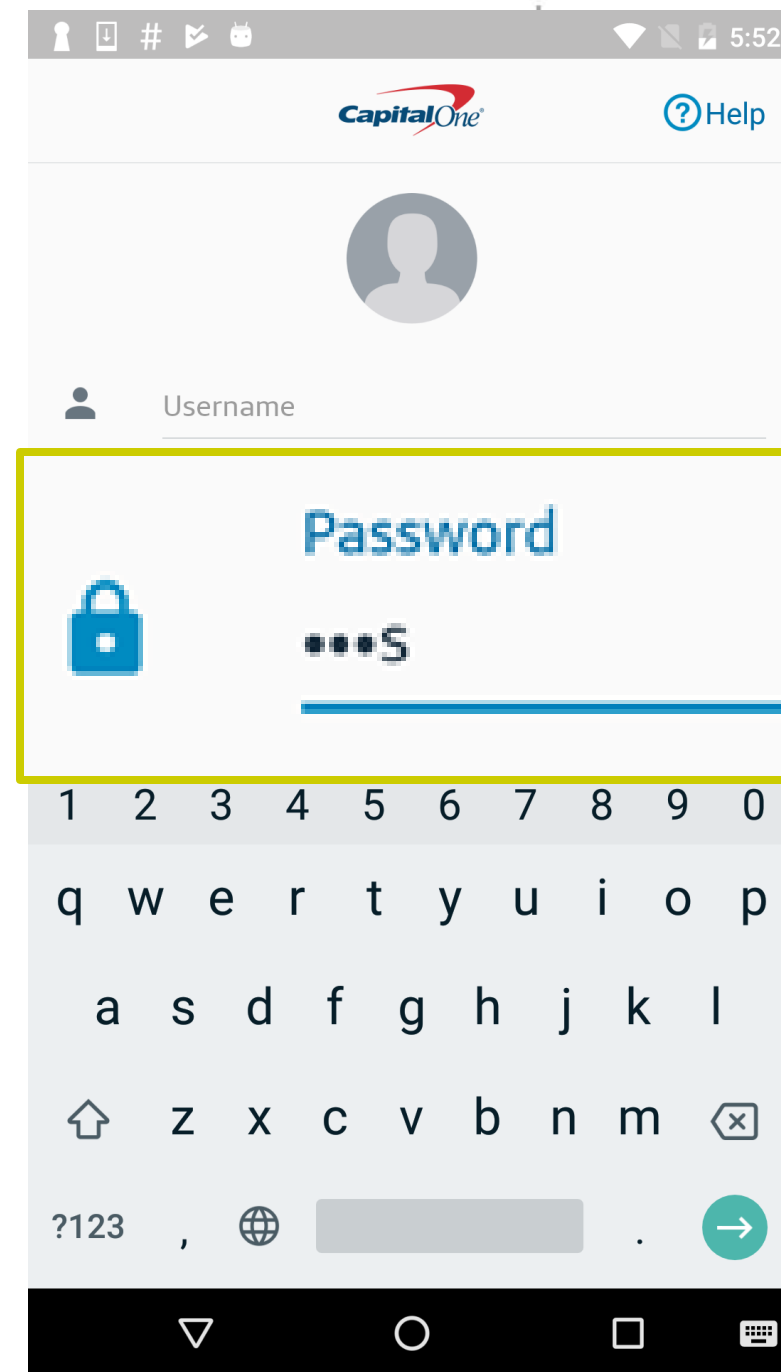
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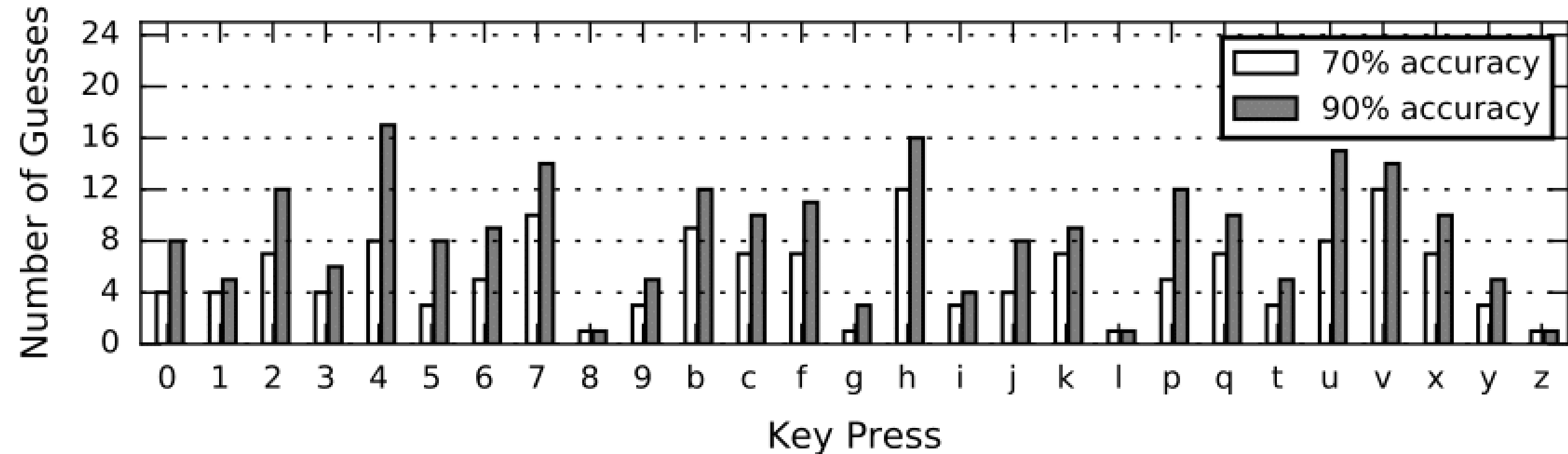
- › Huawei Nexus 6P. Android 8.0
- › Flush+reload => Evict+reload
  - › Resolution 20x lower than Intel
- › Pre-render triggered only once

#	Library	Function
1	libskia.so	SkScalerContext_FreeType_Base::generateGlyphImage
	libskia.so	SkMask::getAddr
2	libskia.so	SkGlyph::computeImageSize
	libskia.so	SkAAClipBlitter::~~SkAAClipBlitter



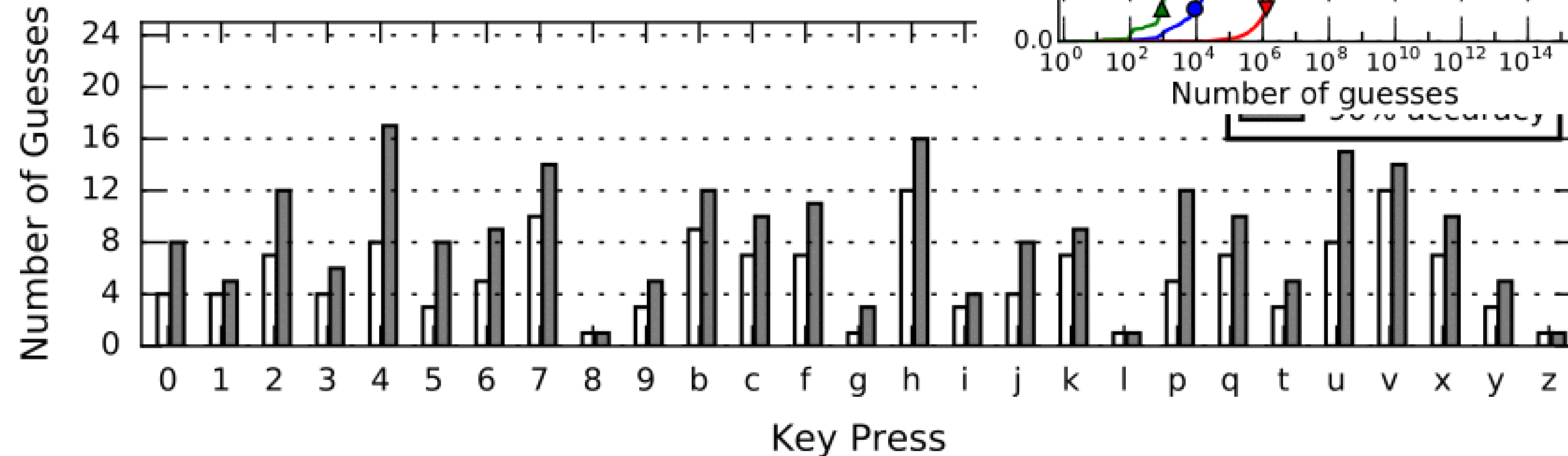
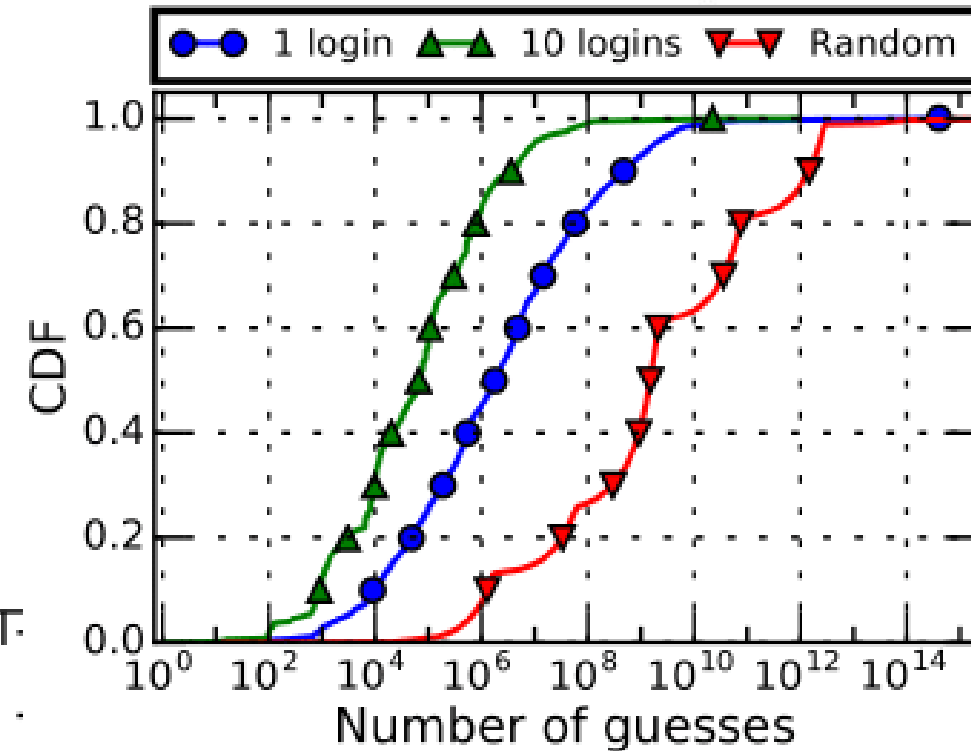
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- Augment 1: 10 logins



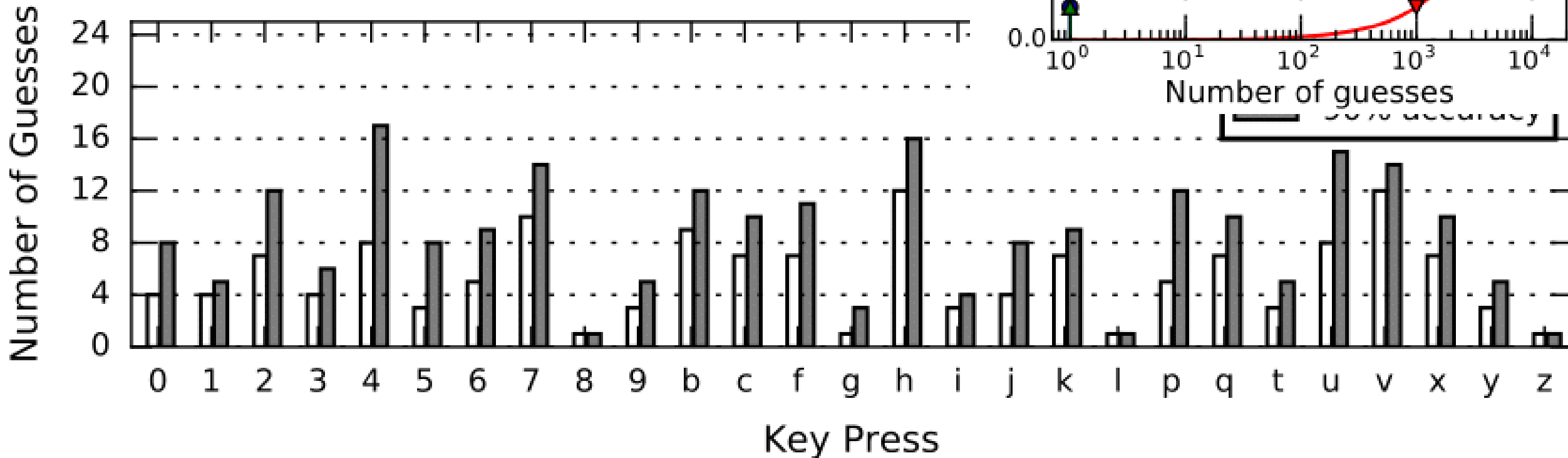
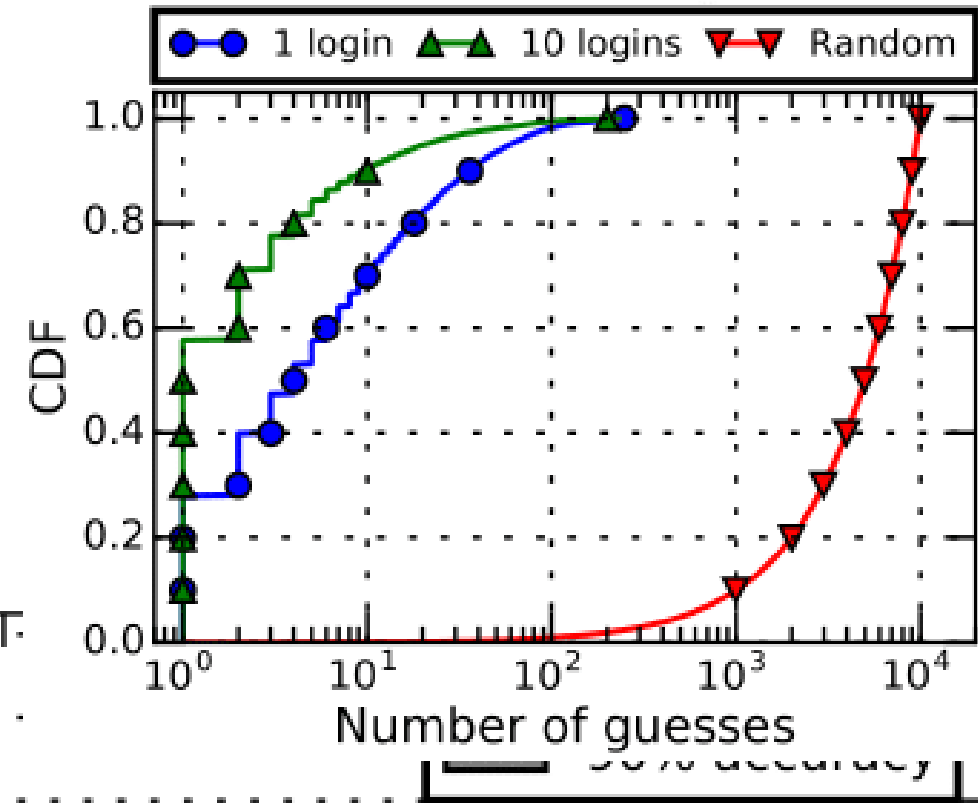
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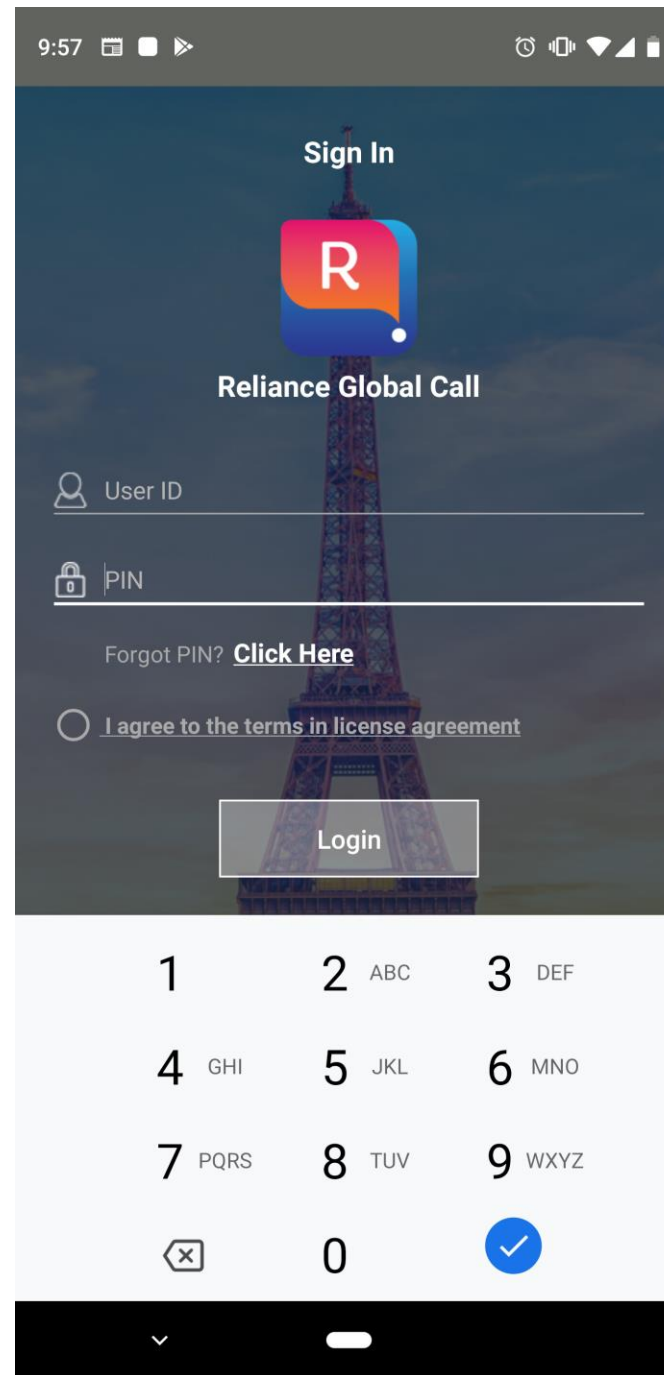
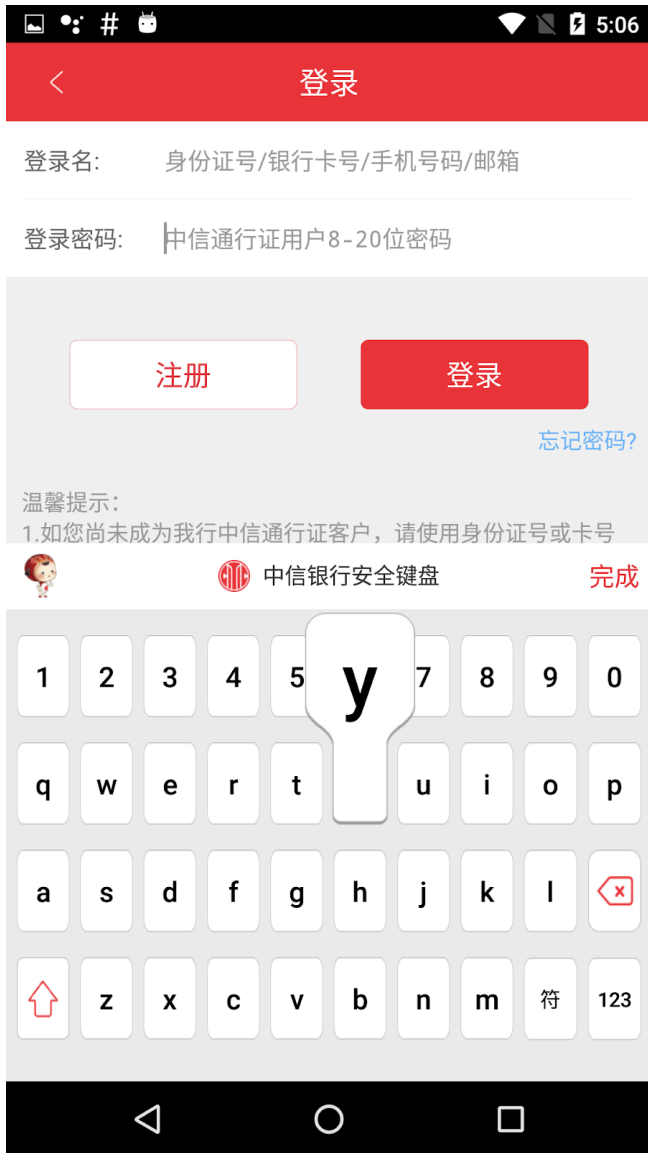


# Attack 2: CapitalOne

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- Augment 2: Dictionary



# Other Apps



# Discussion

- › Measurement challenge
  - › Measurement resolution
- › Extensions
- › Mitigations

# Discussion

- Measurement challenge
- Extensions
  - Inter-keystroke timing
  - Combining with other side-channels
  - Examine other libraries
- Mitigations



# Discussion

- › Measurement challenge
- › Extensions
- › Mitigations
  - › Prevent flush+reload
  - › Constant-time rendering

# Conclusion

- Effective execution time measurement
- Exposing side-channels in graphics libraries
- Evaluations on real-world applications
- Acknowledgement
  - U.S. Army Research Laboratory Cyber Security Collaborative Research Alliance

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# Thanks!

Q & A