

# HFL: Hybrid Fuzzing on the Linux Kernel

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# Software Security Analysis

- Random fuzzing
  - **Pros**: Fast path exploration
  - **Cons**: Strong branch conditions e.g., *if(i == 0xdeadbeef)*
- Symbolic/concolic execution
  - **Pros**: Generate concrete input for strong branch conditions
  - **Cons**: State explosion

# Hybrid Fuzzing in General

- Combining ***traditional fuzzing*** and ***concolic execution***
  - *Fast exploration* with fuzzing (*no state explosion*)
  - *Strong branches are handled* with concolic execution
- State-of-the-arts
  - Intriguer [CCS'19], DigFuzz [NDSS'19], QSYM [Sec'18], etc.
  - Application-level hybrid fuzzers

# Kernel Testing with Hybrid Fuzzing

- Software vulnerabilities are critical threats to OS

***Q. Is hybrid-fuzzing good enough for kernel testing?***

Hybrid-fuzzing can help improve coverage and find more bugs in kernels.

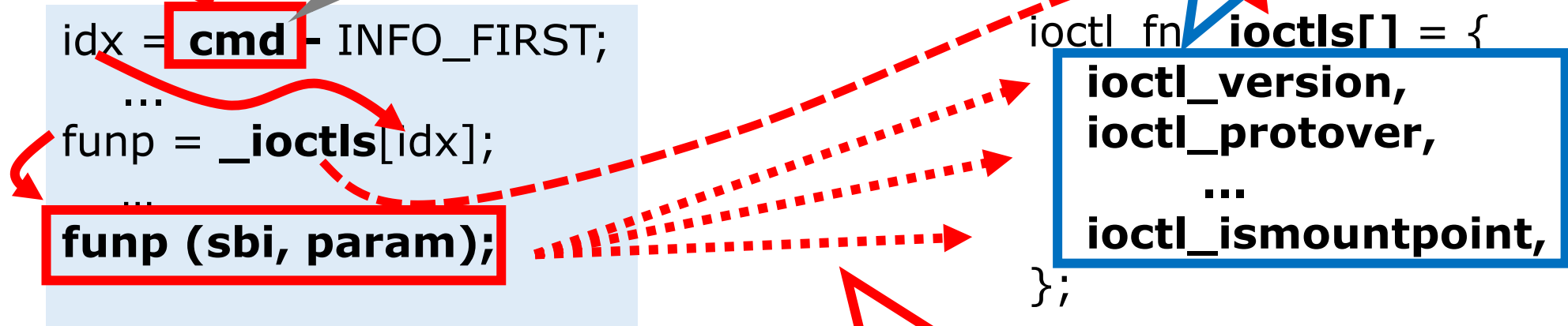
- A huge number of specific branches e.g., CAB-Fuzz[ATC'17], DIFUZE[CCS'17]

# Challenge 1: Indirect Control Transfer

Q. Can be fuzzed enough to explore all functions?

derived from syscall arguments

targets to be hit



*<indirect function call>*

*<function pointer table>*

indirect control transfer

# Challenge 2: System Call Dependencies

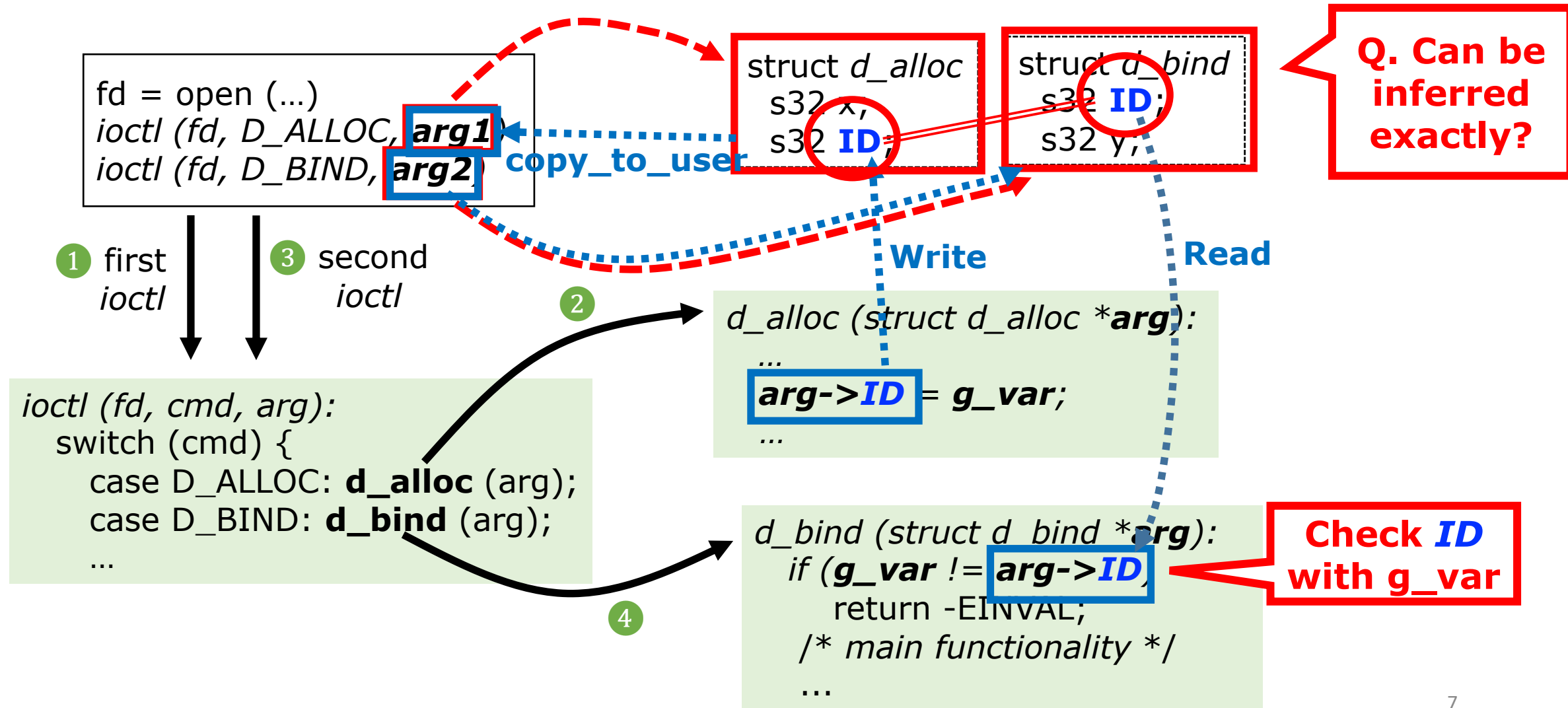
explicit syscall dependencies

{ ***int open*** (*const char \*pathname, int flags, mode\_t mode*)  
  { ***ssize\_t write*** (***int fd***, *void \*buf, size\_t count*)

{ ***ioctl*** (*int fd, unsigned long req, void \*argp*)  
  { ***ioctl*** (*int fd, unsigned long req, void \*argp*)

Q. What dependency behind?

# Example: System Call Dependencies



# Challenge 3: Complex Argument Structure

unknown type

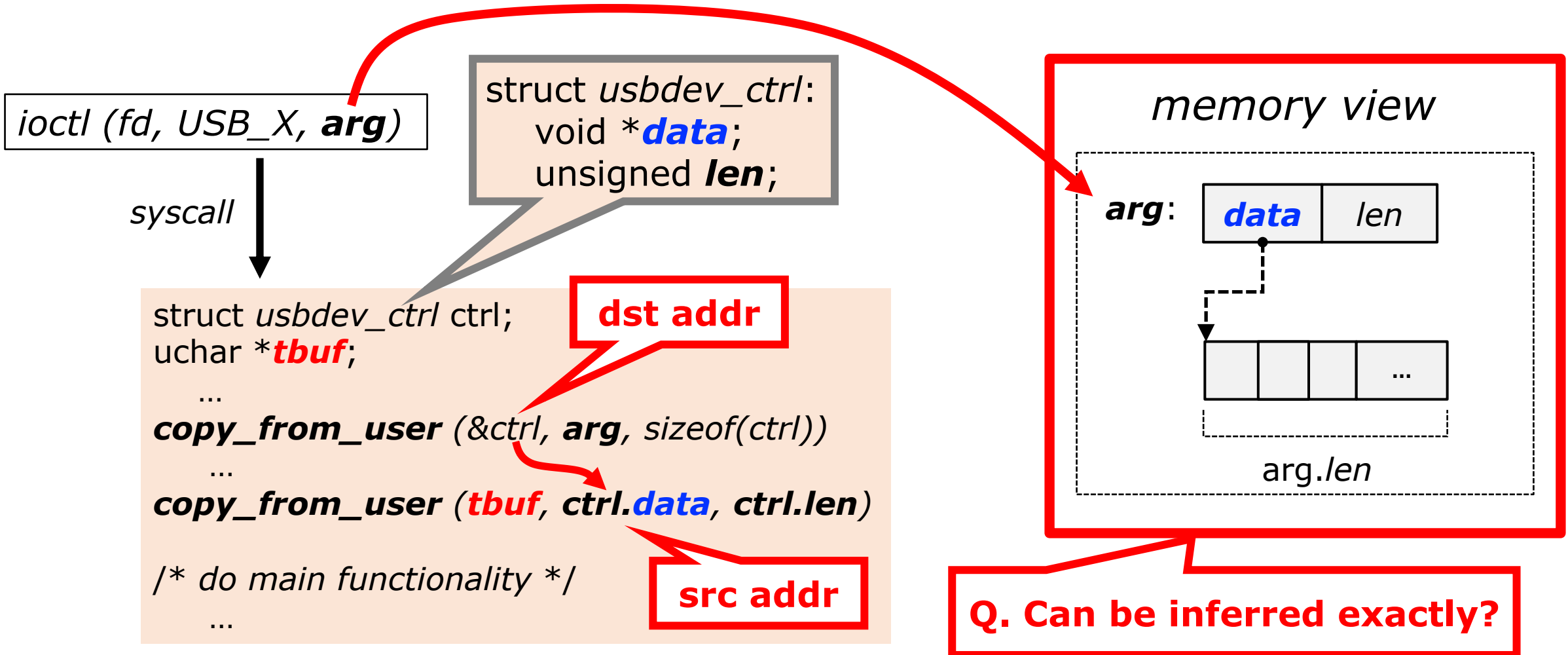
*ioctl (int fd, unsigned long cmd, void \*argp)*

*write (int fd, void \*buf, size\_t count)*

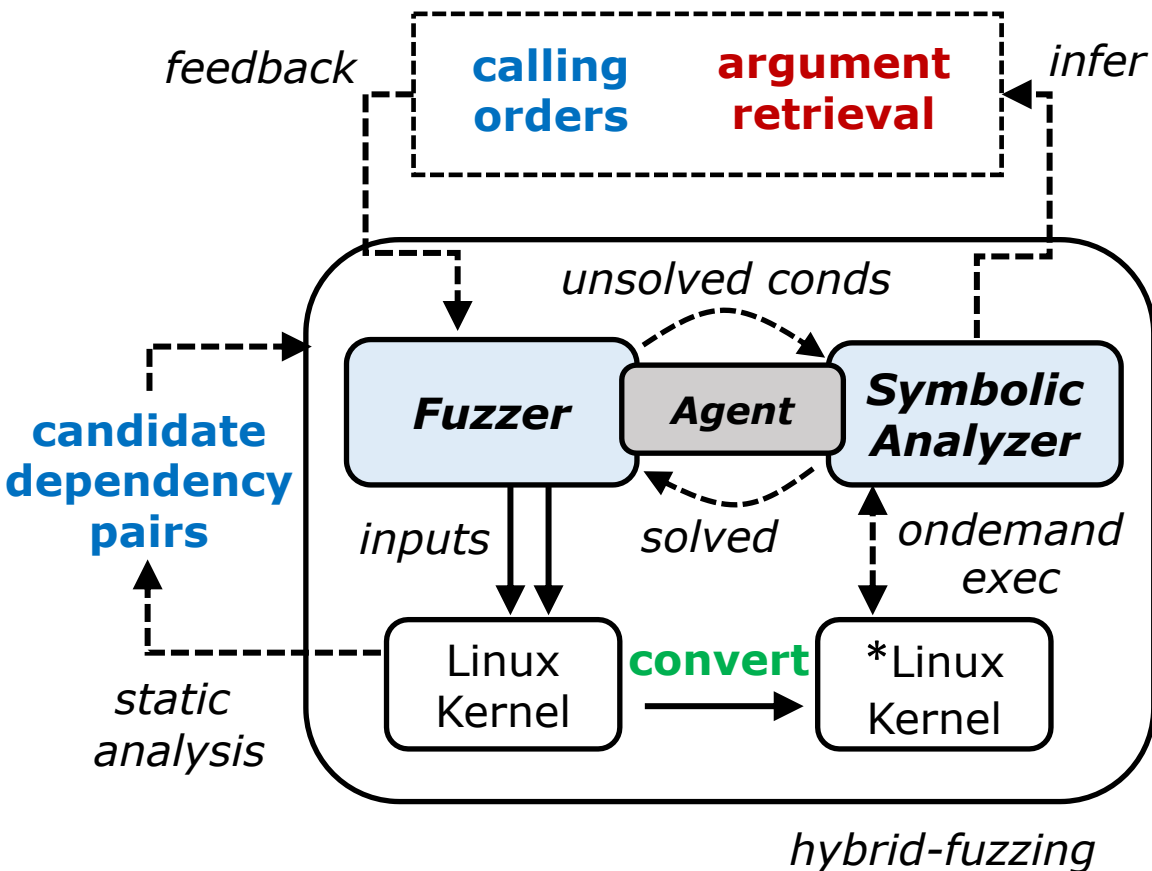
unknown type



# Example: Nested Arguments Structure



# HFL: Hybrid Fuzzing on the Linux Kernel



- The *first* hybrid kernel fuzzer
- Handling the challenges
  1. Coverage-guided/system call fuzzer
    - **Convert to direct control-flow**
  2. System call dependencies
    - **Infer system call dependency**
  3. Combining fuzzer and symbolic analyzer
    - **Infer nested argument structure**
      - Agent act as a glue between the two components

# 1. Conversion to Direct Control-flow

**<Before>**

```
idx = cmd - INFO_FIRST;  
...  
funp = _ioctls[idx];
```

**Compile time conversion:  
direct control transfer**

```
funp (sbi, param);
```

```
ioctl fn ioctls[] = {  
    ioctl_version,  
    ioctl_protover,  
    ...  
    ioctl_ismountpoint,  
};
```

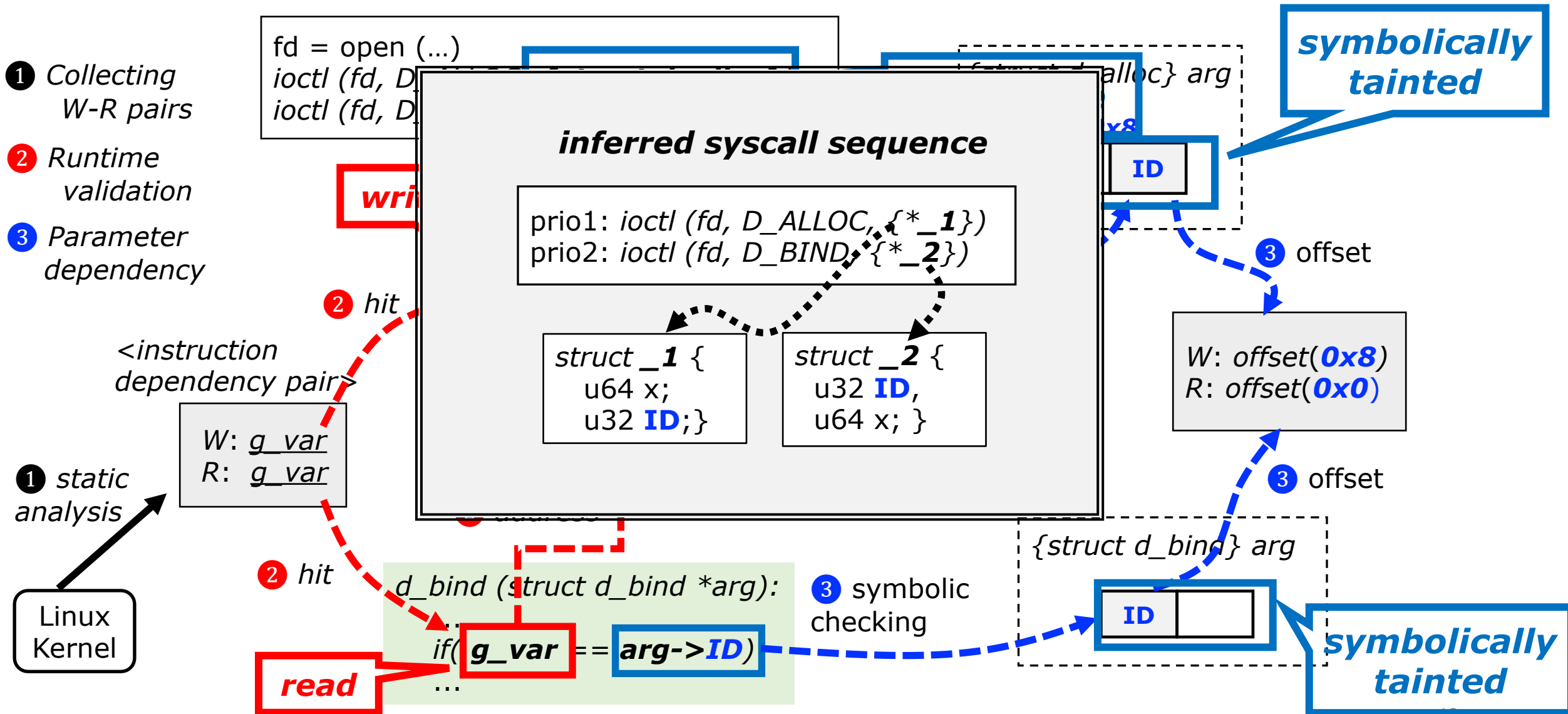
**<After>**

```
idx = cmd - INFO_FIRST;  
...  
funp = _ioctls[idx];
```

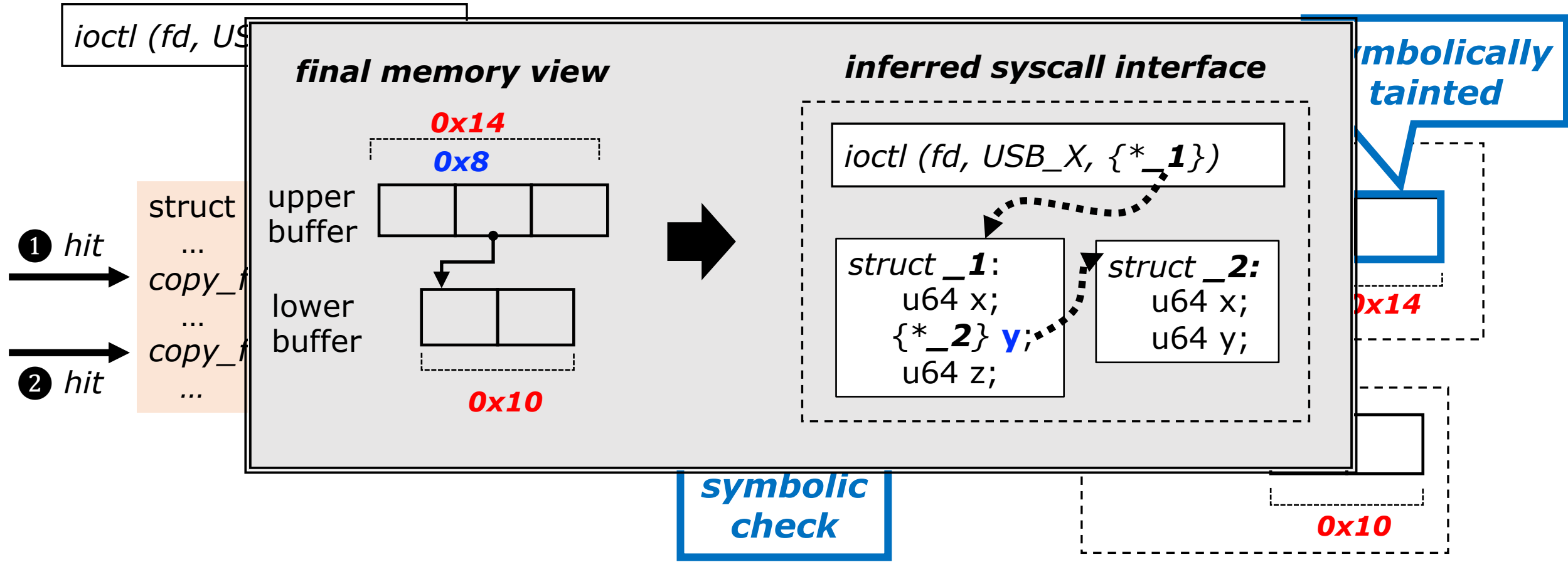
```
if (cmd == IOCTL_VERSION)  
    ioctl_version (sbi, param);  
else if (cmd == IOCTL_PROTO)  
    ioctl_protover (sbi, param);  
...  
    ioctl_ismountpoint (sbi, param)
```

functions

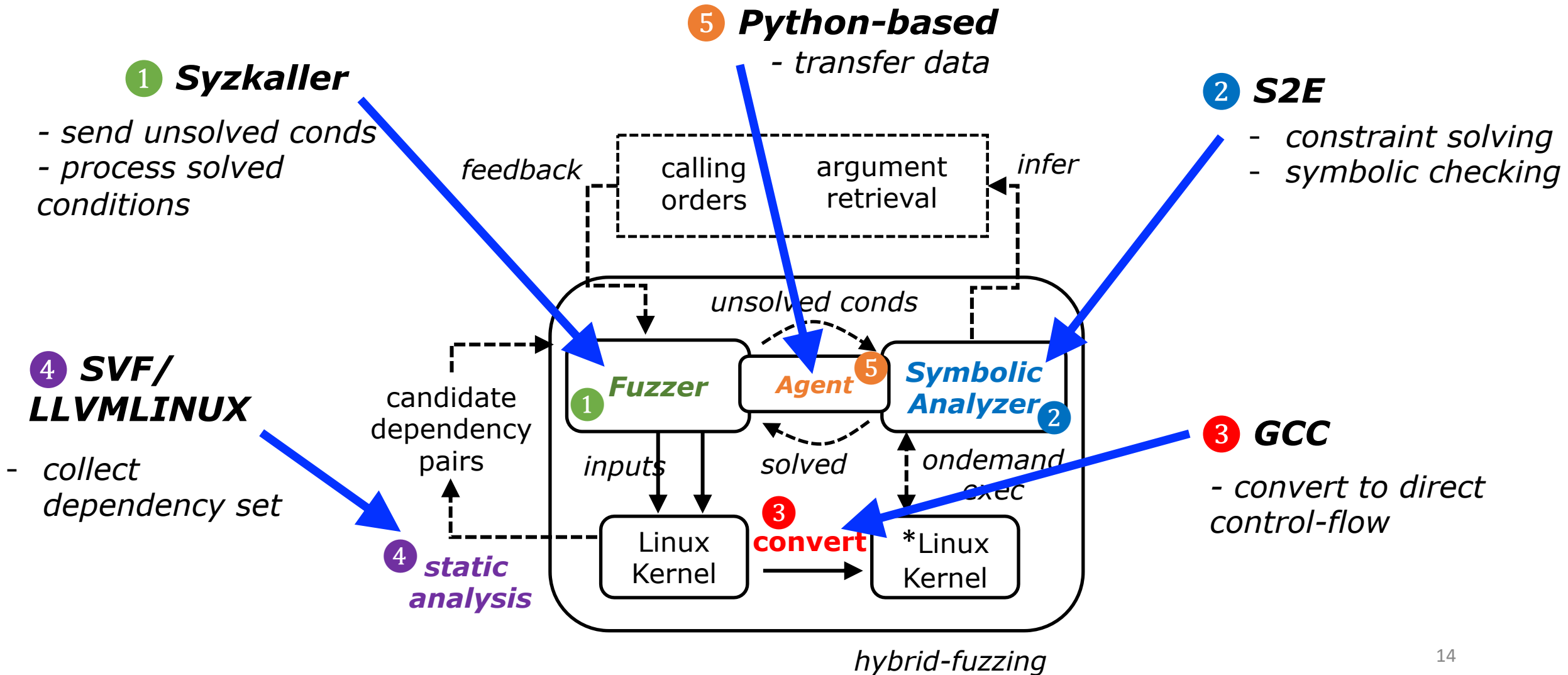
# 2. Syscall Dependency Inference



# 3. Nested Argument Format Retrieval

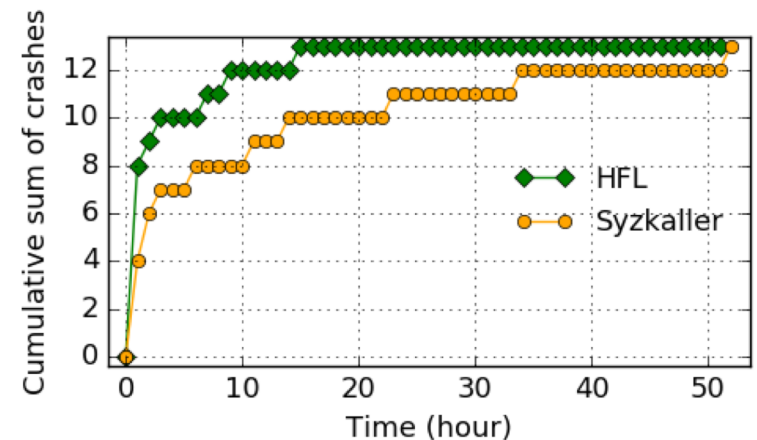


# Implementation



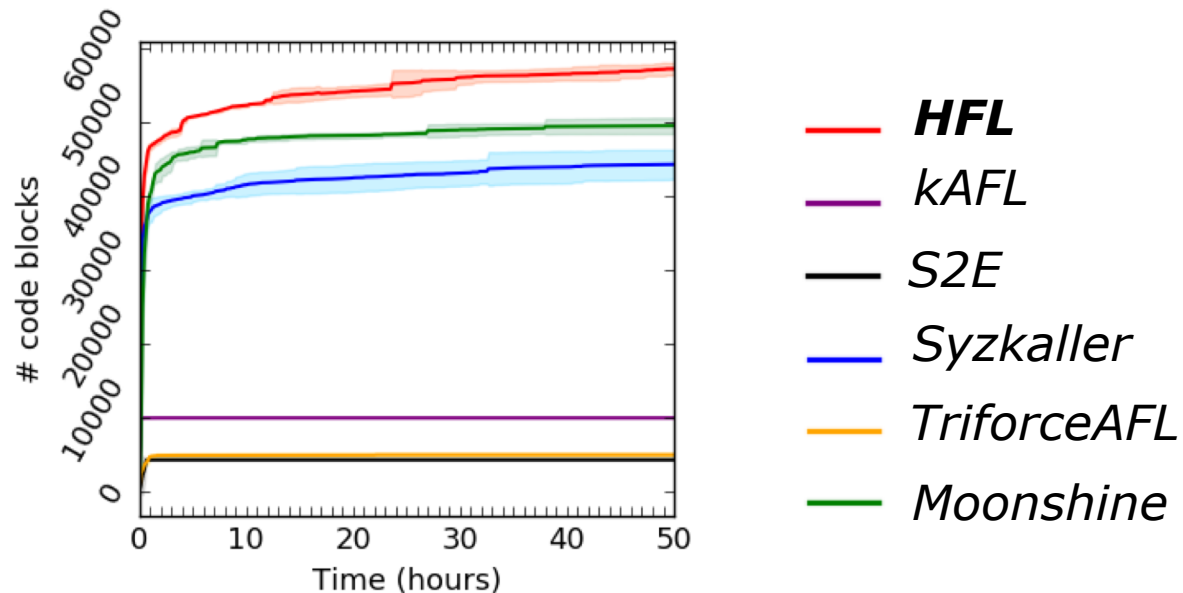
# Vulnerability Discovery

- Discovered new vulnerabilities
  - **24 new vulnerabilities** found in the Linux kernels
    - 17 confirmed by Linux kernel community
    - UAF, integer overflow, uninitialized variable access, etc.
- Efficiency of bug-finding capability
  - 13 known bugs for HFL and Syzkaller
  - They were all found by HFL **3x** faster than Syzkaller



# Code Coverage Enhancement

- Compared with state-of-the-art kernel fuzzers
  - *Moonshine [Sec'18], kAFL [CCS'17], etc.*
- *KCOV*-based coverage measurement
- HFL presents coverage improvement over the others
  - Ranging from **15%** to **4x**





# Case Study: Syscall Dependency

Handled by hybrid feature

1<sup>st</sup> ioctl

prio1: ioctl(fd, PPPNEWUNIT, ID)  
prio2: ioctl(fd, PPPCONNECT, ID)

```
1 long ppp_ioctl(struct file *fi
2     ...
3     switch (cmd) {
4         // 1. write dependency
5         // [syscall]: ioctl(fd, PPP
6         // [NOTE]: VAL is written to untyped syscall argu
7         case PPPNEWUNIT:
8             // allocate an VAL to unit
9             err = ppp_create_interface(net, file, &unit);
10            if (err < 0)
11                break;
12            // write the VAL toward userspace
13            if (put_user(unit, arg))
14                break;
15            ...
16            // 2. read dependency
17            // [syscall]: ioctl(fd, PPPIOCCONNECT, {VAL}->un
18            // [NOTE]: VAL is read from untyped syscall argu
19            case PPPCONNECT:
20                // read VAL from userspace
21                if (get_user(unit, arg))
22                    break;
23                ppp = ppp_find_unit(pn, unit); //
24                // [FAIL]: return if (untyped) value dependen
25                if (!ppp)
26                    goto out;
27                ...
28                /* main connection procedure */
29                ...
30    }
```

a var

ID written to arg

Read ID from arg

check ID

FAIL!!

SUCCESS!!

Covered by syscall dependency inference

Handled by hybrid feature

2<sup>nd</sup> ioctl

# Conclusion

- HFL is the *first* hybrid kernel fuzzer.
- HFL addresses the crucial challenges in the Linux kernel.
- HFL found 24 new vulnerabilities, and presented the better code coverage, compared to state-of-the-arts.

**Thank you**