



Simulation of Built-in PHP Features for Precise Static Code Analysis

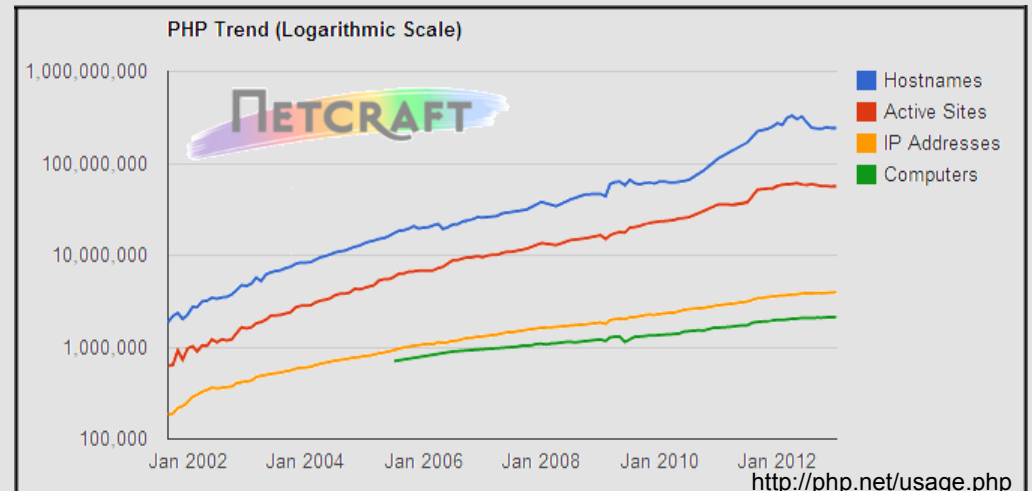
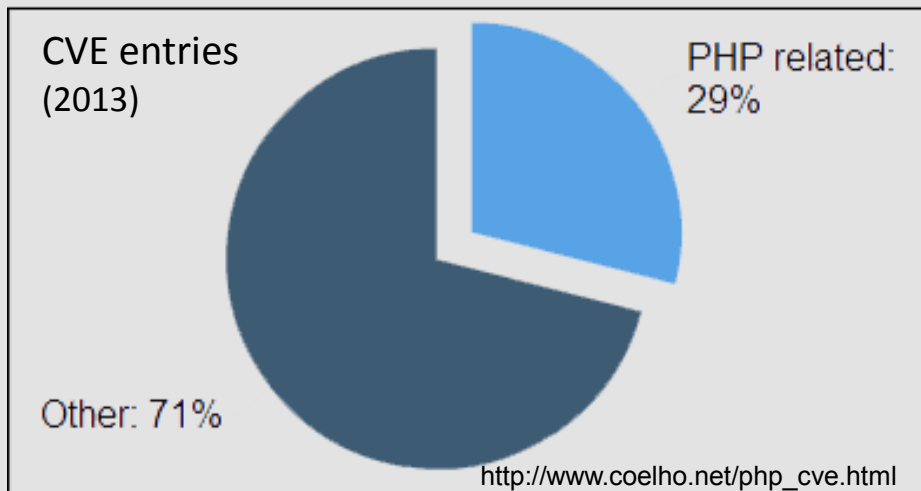
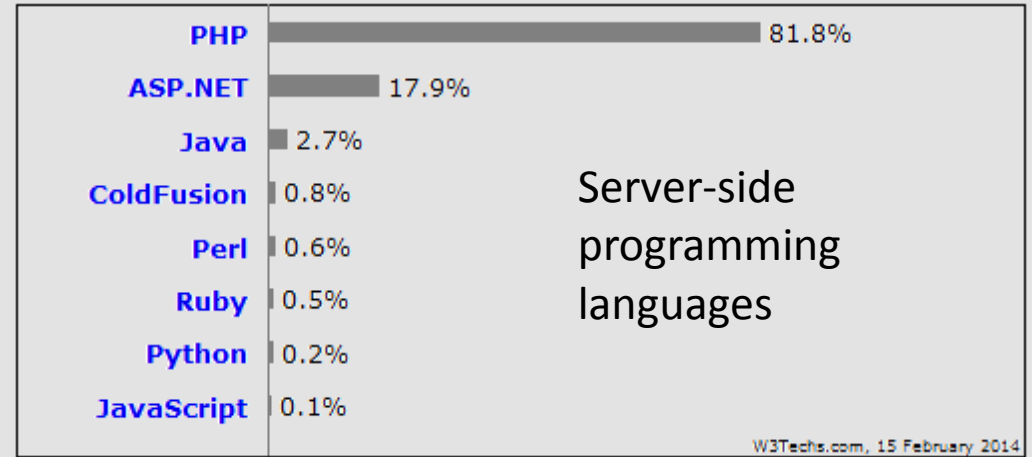
Johannes Dahse and Thorsten Holz
Ruhr-University Bochum

NDSS '14, 23-26 February 2014, San Diego, CA, USA

Simulation of Built-in PHP Features for Precise Static Code Analysis

1. Introduction
2. Implementation
3. Evaluation
4. Conclusion

php is everywhere.



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Target: Taint-style Vulnerabilities

- SQL injection

```
<?php
  $id = $_GET['id'];
  $sql = "SELECT data FROM users WHERE id = '$id' ";
  mysql_query($sql);
?>
```

- Cross-Site Scripting

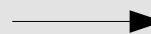
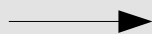
```
<?php
  $name = $_GET['name'];
  $html = "<h1>Hello $name</h1>";
  print($html);
?>
```



Our Approach

- Static Code Analysis for PHP applications
- Precise simulation of built-in features is the key
 - to detect taint-style vulnerabilities
 - *to accept your paper on your own*

```
    'sitelanguage'] = $GLOB
    GLOBALS['elan'] = $eln;
    'tracking'] == "session"
    'language_subdomain'] ==
    : elseif($eln = $slng
    392: $slng = new la
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2. Implementation



Precise Simulation

<http://rub.de/index.php/payload>

```
<?php
    $uri = trim($_SERVER['PHP_SELF']);
    $uri = urldecode($uri);
    $url = 'http://rub.de/' . htmlentities($uri);
    $html = "<a href='$url' >back</a>";
    print($html);
?>
```


Precise Simulation

1. taintable sources

- `$_FILES`['name']
- `$_FILES`['tmp_name']
- `$_SERVER`['PHP_SELF']
- `$_SERVER`['REMOTE_ADDR']

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```

S1	<code>\$_SERVER</code>
	PHP_SELF
	Path ../ Traversal

`http://rub.de/index.php/../../../../`

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Precise Simulation

2. data flow

- Format string
- Regular expressions

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Precise Simulation

3. encoding

- Encoding stack
- Interaction with sanitization

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4. sanitization

- Sanitization tags
- Context-sensitive

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S1	<code>\$_SERVER</code>
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XSS <> Element	XSS DQ" Attribute

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5. sinks

- Parameter
- Vulnerability type

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  print($html);
?>
```

6. markup context

5. sinks

- Parameter
- Vulnerability type

`back`
→ XSS Single-Quoted ' Attribute

S1	<code>\$_SERVER</code>
	PHP_SELF
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?>
```

6. markup context

`back`
→ ' onclick='alert(document.cookie)

5. sinks

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- Vulnerability type

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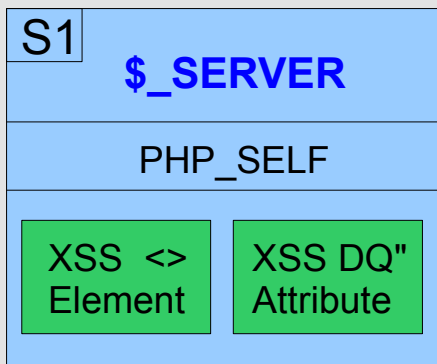
1. taintable sources

- `$_FILES[['name']]`
- `$_FILES[['tmp_name']]`
- `$_SERVER['PHP_SELF']`
- `$_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']`

4. sanitization

- Sanitization tags
- Context-sensitive

- 952 built-in functions
- 20 vulnerability types
- 45 markup contexts



6. markup context

```
<a href='http://rub.de/S1' >back</a>  
→ ' onclick='alert(document.cookie)
```

5. sinks

- Parameter
- Vulnerability type

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```
siteLanguage'] = $GLOB  
GLOBALS['elan'] = $eln;  
tracking'] == "session"  
language_subdomain'] ==  
: elseif($eln = $slng  
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lan'] = $pref  
tracking'] == "session"  
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: $pref['siteLanguage
```



3. Evaluation

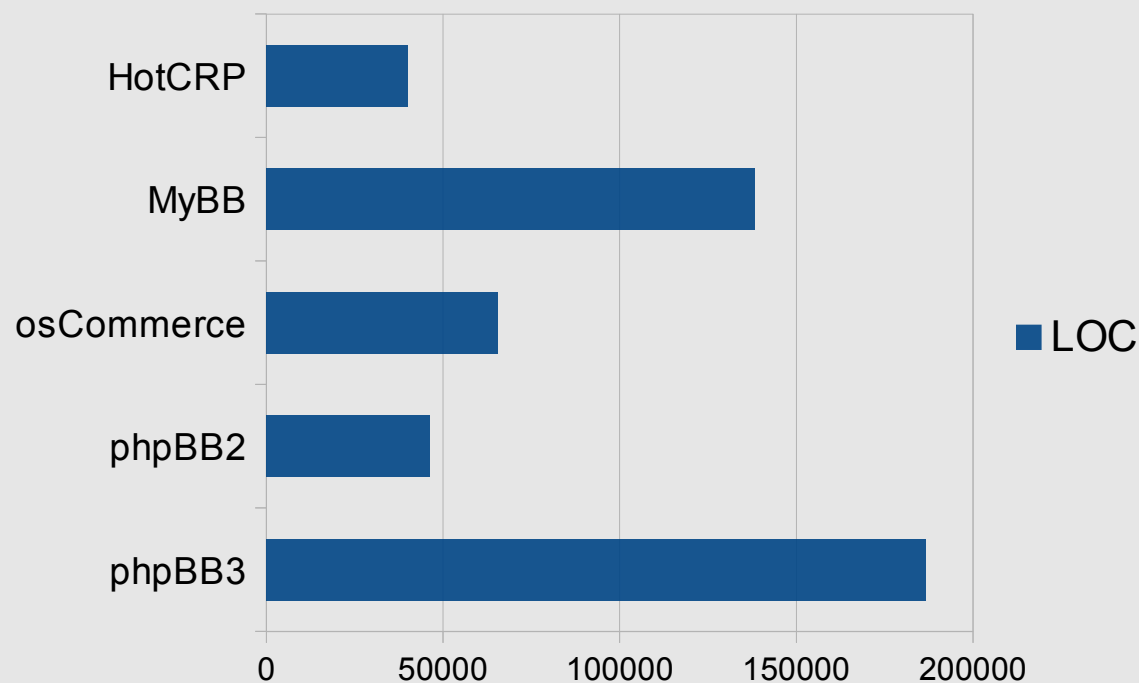


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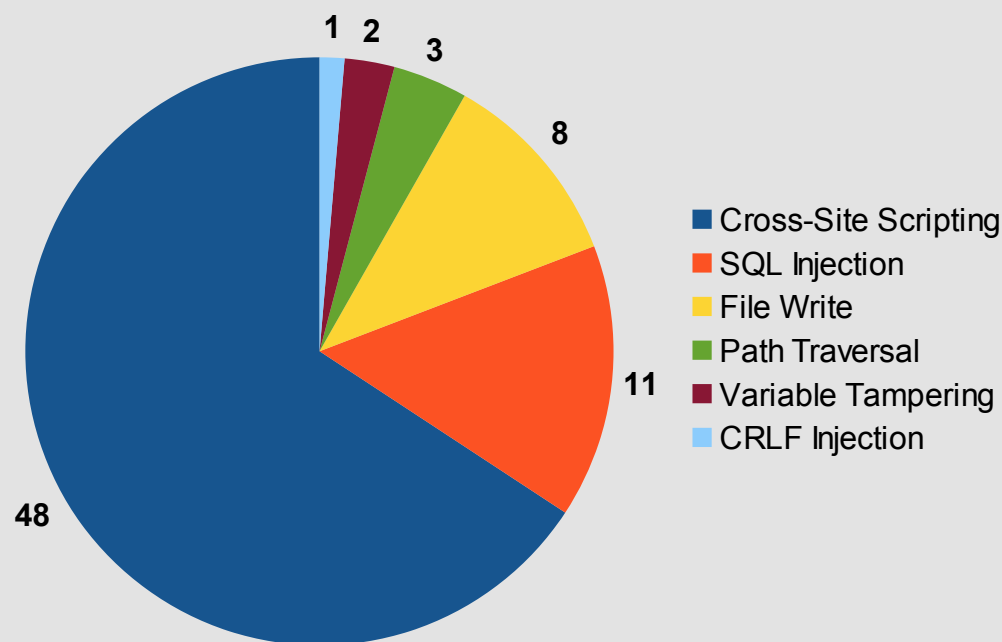
Software

- HotCRP 2.60
- MyBB 1.6.10
- OsCommerce 2.3.3
- phpBB2 2.0.23
- phpBB3 3.0.11



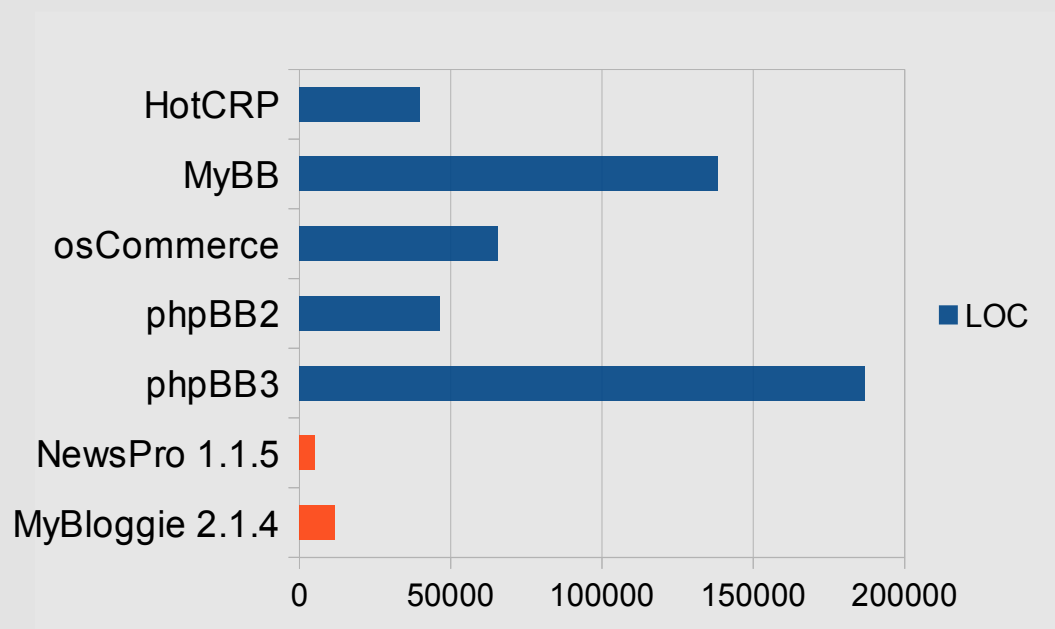
Vulnerability Detection

- 73 True Positives (72%)
- 29 False Positives (28%)
 - 19 FP in OsCommerce
 - Root cause: Path-sensitivity
- 10 False Negatives (24%)
 - 42 CVE entries
 - 8 FN in MyBB
 - Root cause: OOP



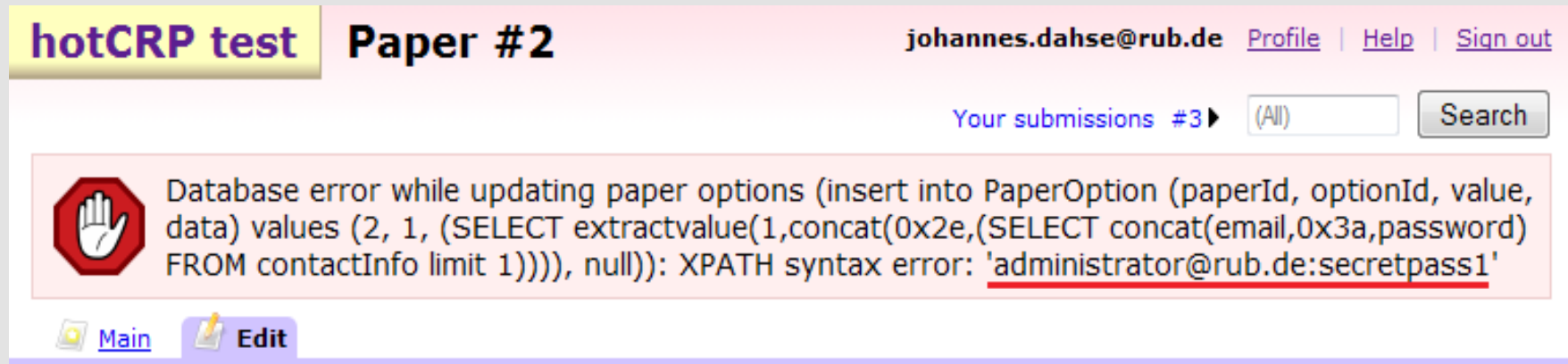
Software in Related Work

- Criteria
 - Available
 - Follow-up version exists
 - Patch-only
- Our results
 - 31 new vulnerabilities detected
 - 0 false positives
 - Precise simulation pays off



Vulnerability Example

- Blind SQL Injection in HotCRP 2.60
- Fixed in version 2.61
- HotCRP stores credentials in plaintext



The screenshot shows a web interface for 'hotCRP test' with the title 'Paper #2'. The user is logged in as 'johannes.dahse@rub.de'. Below the header, there are links for 'Profile', 'Help', and 'Sign out'. A search bar shows 'Your submissions #3' and a dropdown menu set to '(All)'. A red error message box contains the following text: 'Database error while updating paper options (insert into PaperOption (paperId, optionId, value, data) values (2, 1, (SELECT extractvalue(1,concat(0x2e,(SELECT concat(email,0x3a,password) FROM contactInfo limit 1))))), null)): XPATH syntax error: 'administrator@rub.de:secretpass1''. At the bottom, there are 'Main' and 'Edit' buttons.

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Paper #1

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#1 Simulation of Built-in PHP Features for Precise Static Code Analysis

Submitted  233kB  16 Feb 2014 7:43pm UTC |  3f230a41569a5a9fe16404a090e0fd45a02d41c0


You are an **author** of this paper.

+ ABSTRACT

The World Wide Web grew rapidly during the last decades and is used by millions of people every day for online shopping, banking, networking, and other activities. Many of [\[more\]](#)

AUTHORS

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```

4. Conclusion



Conclusion

- New approach to PHP static code analysis
 - 20 vulnerability types, 45 markup contexts
 - 900+ built-in features simulated
- 73 new vulnerabilities, 28% false positives
 - Current vulnerabilities base on complex PHP features
 - Modeling these features precisely is crucial, missed by previous work
- Future work
 - Path-sensitivity
 - OOP

Questions ?

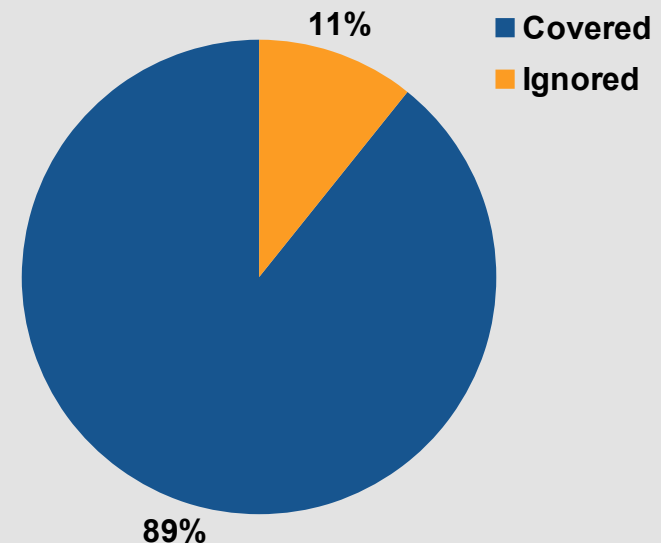
johannes.dahse@rub.de

Thank you!
Enjoy the conference.

Backup Slides

Built-in Function Coverage

- Every 13th line of code calls a built-in function
 - Static point of view
- 970 **unique** calls
 - 70% covered
- 37 651 **total** calls
 - 89% covered
- Remaining calls are less relevant
 - Do not influence our analysis results



Target: Taint-style Vulnerabilities

- SQL injection

```
<?php
  $id = mysql_real_escape_string($_GET['id']);
  $sql = "SELECT data FROM users WHERE id = $id ";
  mysql_query($sql);
?>
```

- Cross-Site Scripting

```
<?php
  $name = htmlentities($_GET['name']);
  $html = "<h1>Hello $name</h1>";
  print($html);
?>
```



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Path-sensitive sanitization

```
1 function tep_output_string($string, $protected = false) {  
2     if ($protected == true) {  
3         return htmlspecialchars($string);  
4     } else {  
5         return $string;  
6     }  
7 }
```

Simulation of Built-in PHP Features for Precise Static Code Analysis

Supported vulnerability types

- 1) Code Execution
- 2) Command Execution
- 3) Connect Injection
- 4) Cross-Site Scripting
- 5) Denial of Service
- 6) Env. Manipulation
- 7) File Inclusion
- 8) File Upload
- 9) File Write
- 10) HTTP Resp. Splitting
- 11) LDAP Injection
- 12) Open Redirect
- 13) Path Traversal
- 14) Reflection Injection
- 15) Session Fixation
- 16) SQL Injection
- 17) Unserialize
- 18) Variable Tampering
- 19) XML/XXE Injection
- 20) XPath Injection

Simulation of Built-in PHP Features for Precise Static Code Analysis

TABLE I: Evaluation results for popular real-world applications.

Software	Files	LOC	TA	TBC	TBI	UBC	UBI	MP	ST	TP	FP	FN	CVE
HotCRP	72	39 938	19 420	5 171	289	170	51	293	55	7	4	0	0
MyBB	327	138 357	55 917	8 152	1 287	225	115	1 117	188	2	0	8	10
osCommerce	545	65 556	7 453	9 059	860	184	85	476	60	48	19	1	29
phpBB2	176	46 287	10 623	3 666	340	144	56	289	29	13	6	1	2
phpBB3	270	186 814	43 616	7 554	1 273	269	192	1 143	252	3	0	0	1
Total	1 390	476 952	137 029	33 602	4 049	676	294	3 318	584	73	29	10	42
Average	278	95 390	27 406	89%	11%	70%	30%	664	117	72%	28%	24%	8

TABLE II: Compared evaluation results for previously studied real-world applications.

Software	Files	LOC	TB	UB	RIPS				Jovanovic et al.				Xie & Aiken		
					XSS		SQLi		XSS		SQLi		SQLi		
					TP	FP	TP	FP	TP	FP	TP	FP	TP	FP	
NewsPro	1.1.4	23	5 047	827	56	5	0	18	0	4	14	14	34	8	0
NewsPro	1.1.5	23	5 077	841	57	4	0	6	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
myBloggie	2.1.3b	91	11 487	1 218	122	15	0	26	3	13	3	31	11	16	0
myBloggie	2.1.4	92	11 772	1 235	124	13	0	8	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		229	33 383	4121	134	37	0	58	3	17	17	45	45	24	0
Average		57	8 346	1030	90	100%	0%	95%	5%	50%	50%	50%	50%	100%	0%

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SQL Injection in phpBB2

```
1 $style_name = urldecode($_GET['style']);
2 $install_to = urldecode($_GET['install_to']);
3 $template_name = $$install_to;
4 for($i = 0; $i < count($template_name); $i++) {
5     if($template_name[$i]['style_name'] == $style_name) {
6         while(list($key, $val) = each($template_name[$i])) {
7             $db_fields[] = $key;
8             $db_values[] = addslashes($val);
9         }
10    }
11 }
12 $sql = "INSERT INTO " . THEMES_TABLE . " (";
13 $sql .= implode(', ', $db_fields);
14 $sql .= ") VALUES (";
15 $sql .= "'" . implode("'", '"', $db_values) . "'";
16 $sql .= ")";
17 mysql_query($sql);
```

admin_styles.php?style=rips&install_to=\$_GET&0[style_name]=rips&0[template_name]VALUES('sql','sql')-- -]=1