

Checking More and Alerting Less: Detecting Privacy Leakages via Enhanced Data-flow Analysis and Peer Voting

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In terms of privacy data...

- Are “you” contained in smartphone?
 - Contacts, photo, SMS, credentials, browse history...



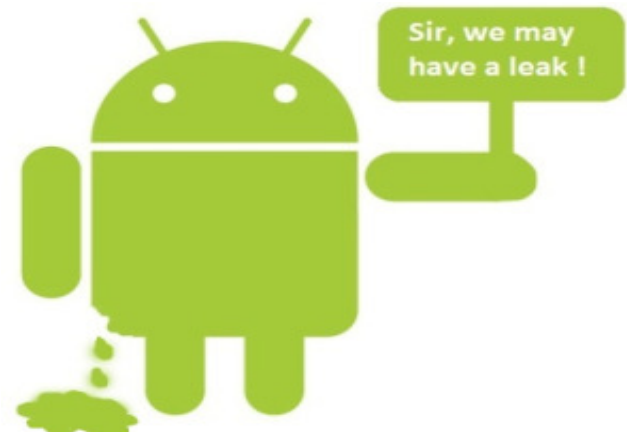
Privacy Disclosures

- Privacy can be disclosed to **internet** or **public**



Prevalent Privacy Disclosures

- **8%** apps failed to protect bank account and social media logins [BBC, Oct 12]
- **95%** of the top-100 free exhibited at least one kind of privacy-compromising behavior, while **78%** of paid apps disclosed similar data. [Black Hat USA, Jul 13]
- **30%** general apps have privacy disclosures, shown by AndroidLeaks [TRUST'12]



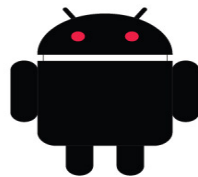
Privacy Disclosure Vs. Privacy Leak

- Privacy Disclosure == Privacy Leak ?
- **MOST** privacy disclosures are legitimate



Research Problem

- How can we automatically differentiate suspicious **privacy leaks** from legitimate **privacy disclosures**???



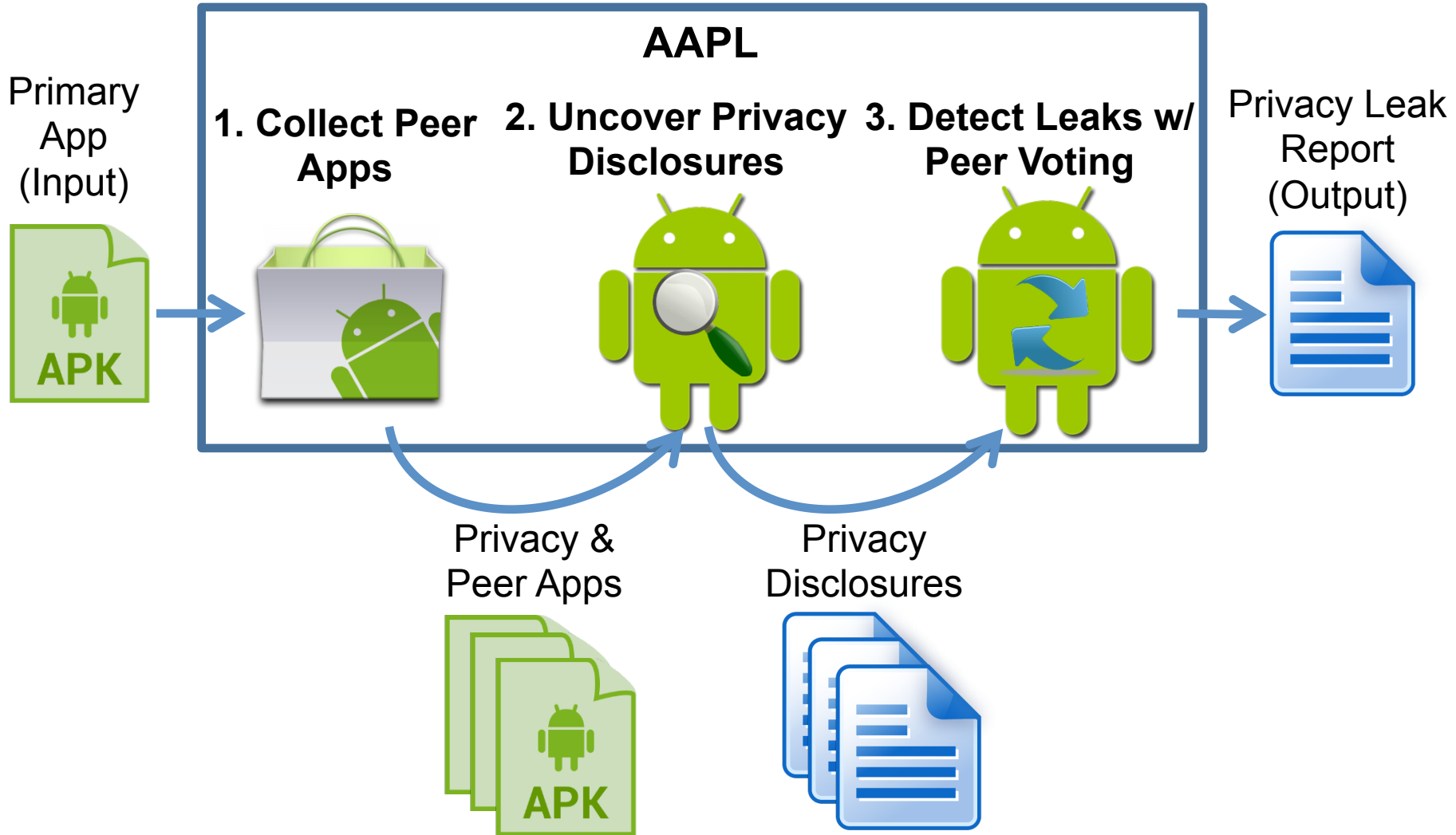
Insight

- An app's (namely primacy app) functionally similar apps (namely peer apps) are supposed to exhibit similar privacy disclosures
- If a privacy disclosure is uncommon in peer apps → likely **suspicious**

AAPL: Analysis of App Privacy Leak

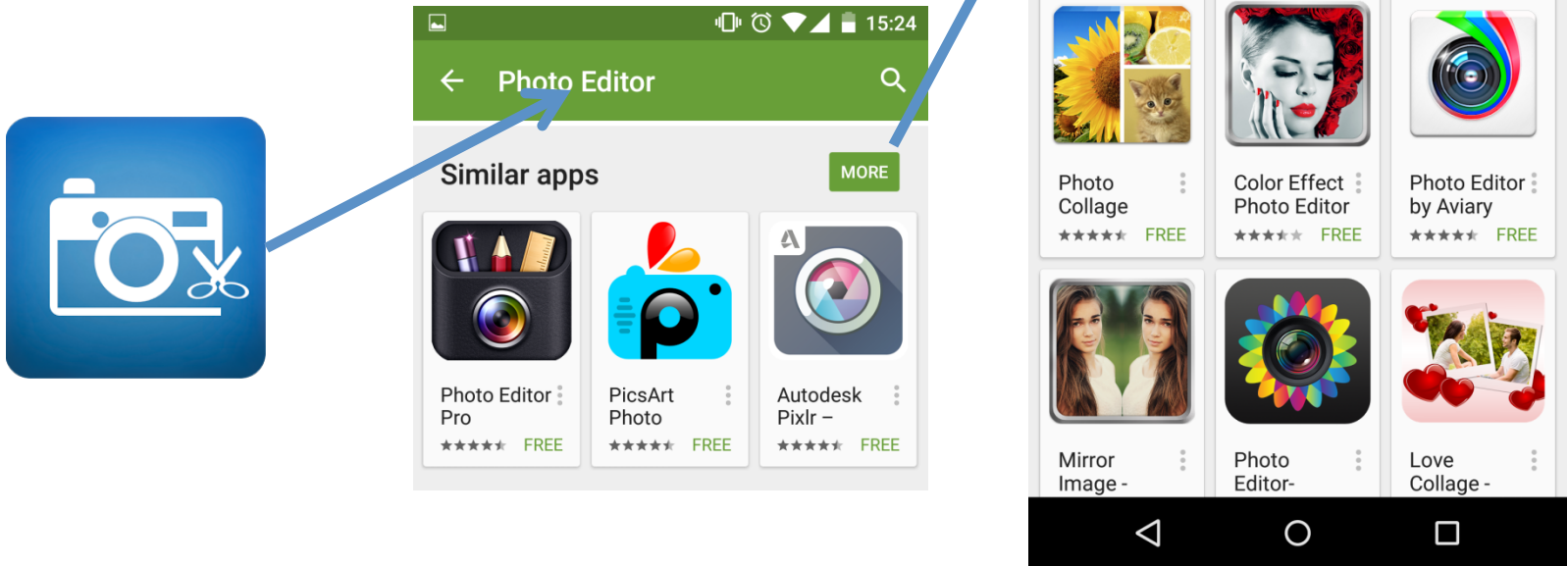
Detecting Privacy Leaks via Peer
Voting Mechanism

AAPL Workflow

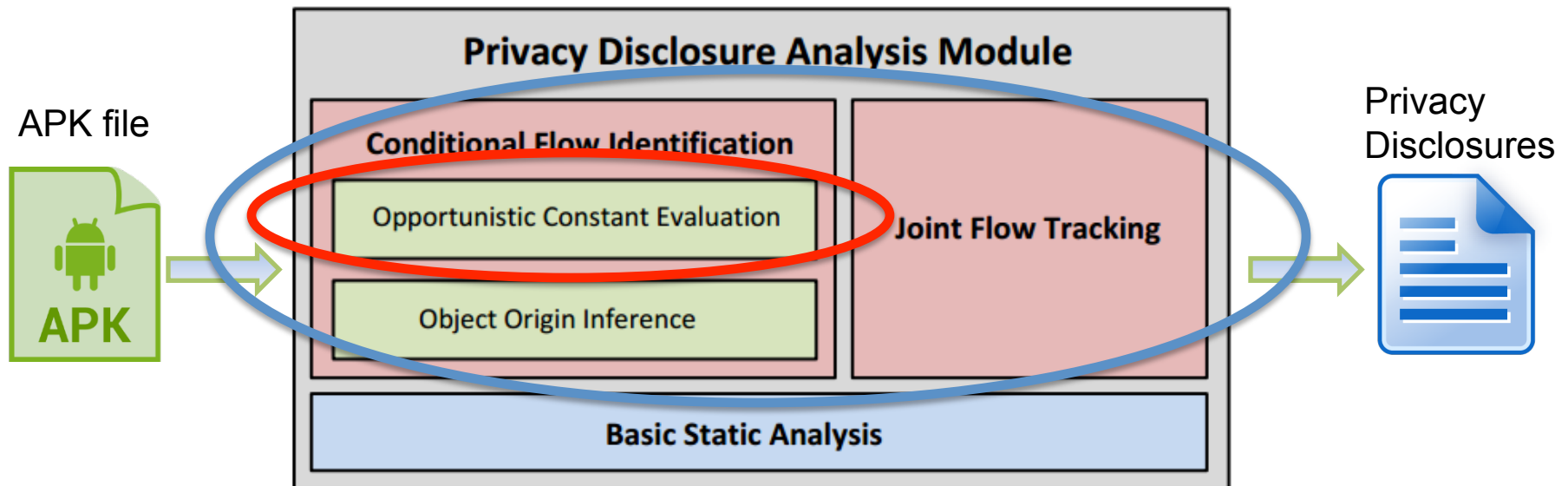


Collecting Peer Apps

- Possible approaches
 - Apps with similar permissions ☹️
 - Apps with similar text descriptions ☹️
 - Similar apps suggested by Google Play,
 - derived from users' experience, ML, etc. 😊



Uncovering Privacy Disclosures



Opportunistic Constant Evaluation

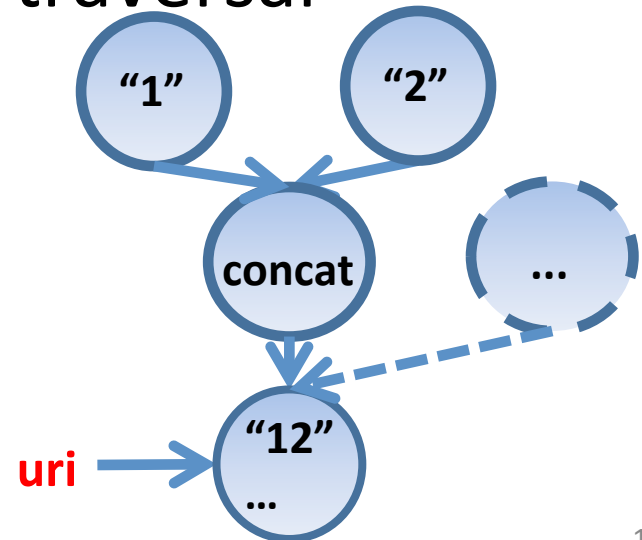
- Conditional sources

- `provider.query(uri, sql)`

- Contact? SMS?
 - Non-sensitive?
 - Have no idea?*

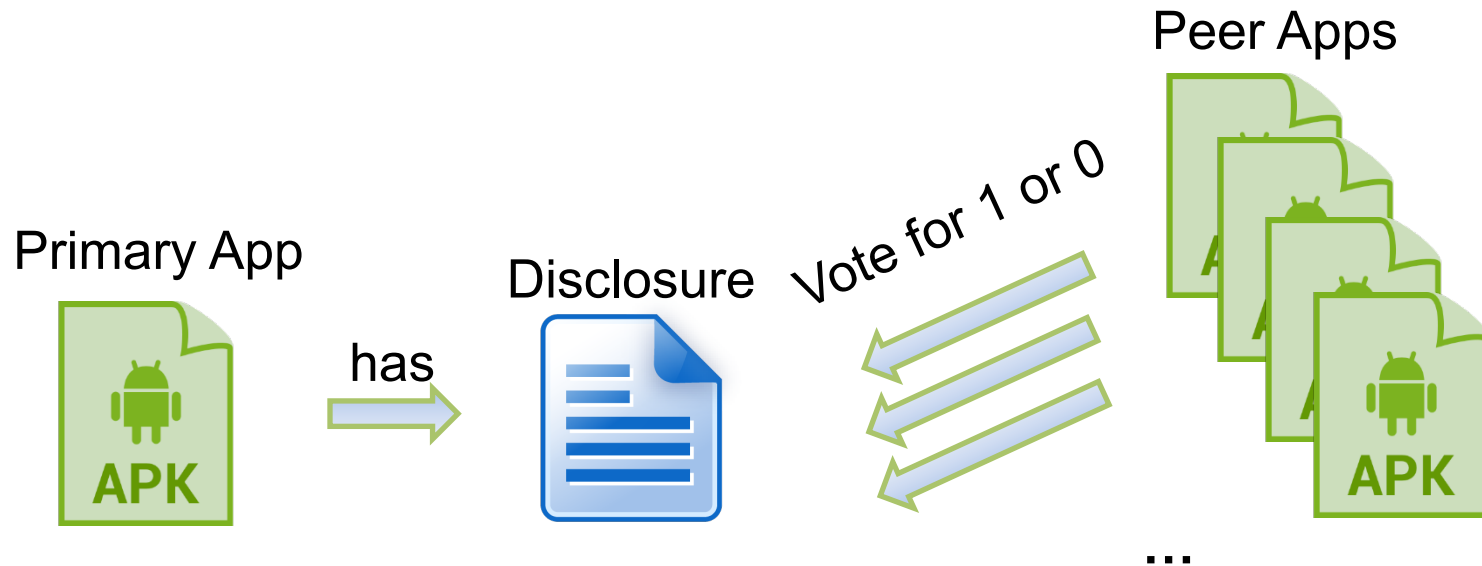
- Backward SDG slicing & DFS traversal

```
Uri uri = "1";  
...  
uri=uri.concat("2");  
...  
Data = provider.query(uri);
```



Peer Voting

- **VotesNumber**: the total number of peers with the same disclosure (votes with **1**)
- **PeersNumber**: the number of peers
- **Disclosure legitimacy** = $\text{VotesNumber} / \text{PeersNumber}$



Implementation

- Built on **Dalysis**^[CHEX CCS'12] and **IBM WALA**¹
- The improvements account for about **6K SLoC** in Java; Peer voting accounts for **1.3K SLoC** in Python

¹<http://wala.sourceforge.net/>

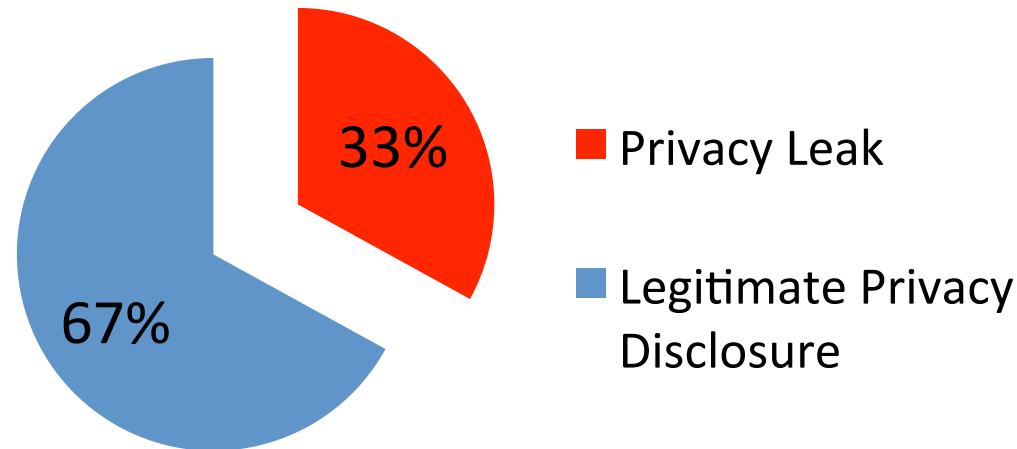
Evaluating Disclosure Analysis

- Data set: **40,456** apps; manually examined **530** data-flows in top **300** popular apps
- Performance: **12** seconds/app
- Detection rate: **44.7%** (**31%** increased compared with original **36.9%**)
- False positive rate: **6.7%** (**5 times** reduced compared with original **34.2%**)

Evaluating Peer Voting




- Manually label **532** unique privacy disclosures from **417** randomly chosen primary apps

Privacy Disclosures



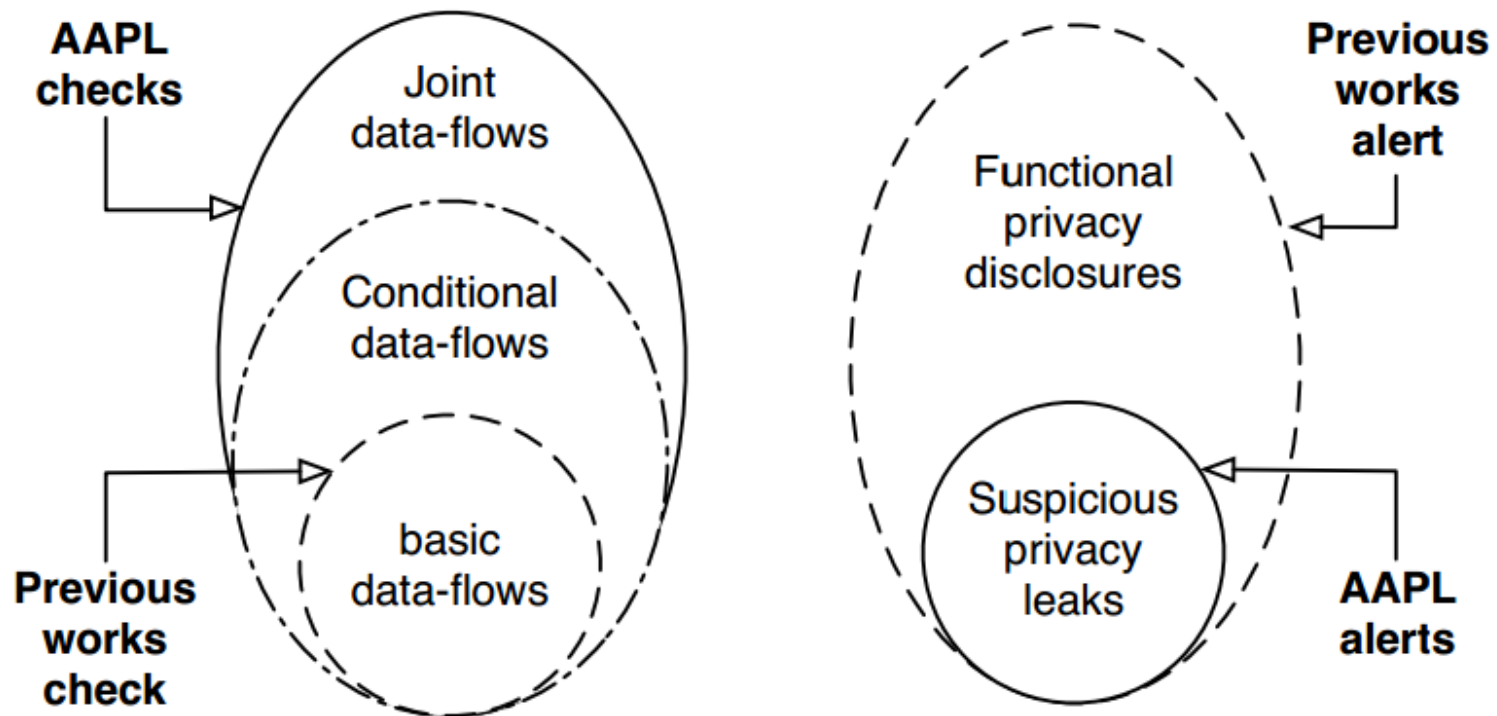
- Accuracy: **88.7%** with false positive rate **10.7%** and false negative rate **12.5%**

Case Studies

| App | App ID | Leak | # of peers | Legitimacy |
|--|---|------------------------|------------|------------|
|  | com.linpusimetc.android .linpustckbd | Contacts -> URL | 20 | 0% |
|  | simosoftprojects.musicpl ayerforpad | Phone Number -> URL | 21 | 0% |
|  | com.apptivateme.next.hr dp | Cookie -> Log | 15 | 0% |

Conclusion

- We propose **AAPL**, a novel **peer voting** mechanism detect **suspicious privacy leaks**
- Checking more and alerting less



Thank you!

Q & A