

Machine Learning Classification over Encrypted Data

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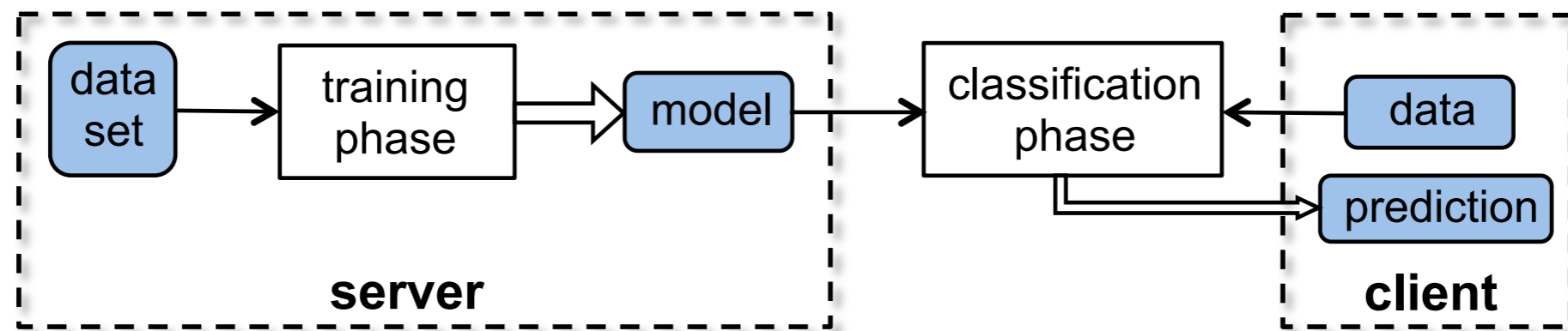
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Classification (Machine Learning)

- Supervised learning (training)
- Classification



Problem

- The provider's model is sensitive
financial model, genetic sequences, ...
- Client's private data
medical records, credit history, ...

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MPC / 2PC

Using General 2PC ?

- + Works for any circuit
- + Constant number of interactions
- Have to build circuits
- Hard to 'compose'
- Not easily reusable

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➡ *Ad Hoc* protocols

Goal

- Enable classification without sacrificing privacy
- Secure classification, no learning
the model is already known
- Practical performance

Approach

- Classifiers as specialized 2PC
- Identify and construct reusable building blocks
- Threat model: passive adversary (honest-but-curious)

Insight

ML Algorithm	Classifier
Perceptron	Linear
Least squares	Linear
Fischer linear discriminant	Linear
Support vector machine	Linear
Naïve Bayes	Naïve Bayes
ID3/C4.5	Decision trees

Insight

- Identify core operations
- Construct reusable/composable building blocks
- Choose the best fitted primitives
 - Homomorphic Encryption, FHE, Garbled Circuits, ...

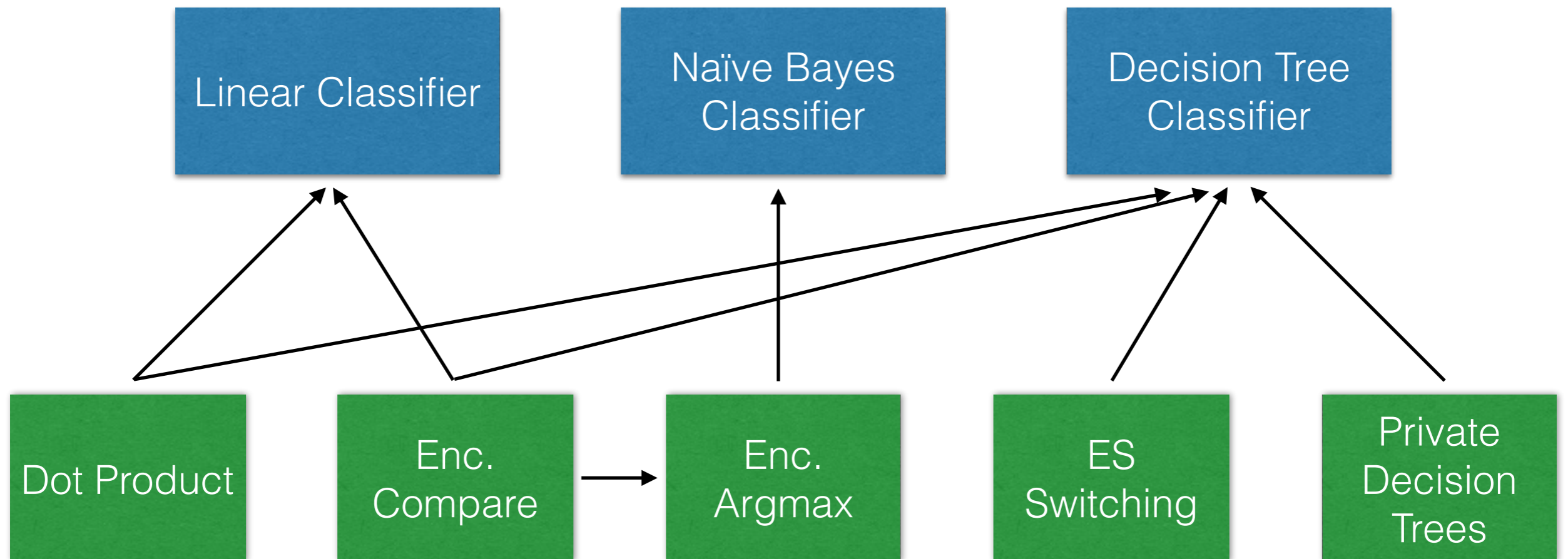
Related Work

- Privacy-preserving training
 - Using FHE, linear means classifier [GLN12]
 - Specific techniques for Naïve Bayes [VKC08], decision trees [BDMN05,LP00], linear discriminant [DHC04], kernel methods [LLM06]
- Privacy-preserving classification
 - Using FHE, outsource computation [BLN13]
 - Secure branching programs [BFL+09, BFL+11]
 - Specific classifiers (face recognition/detection) [SSW09, AB07]

Building Blocks

- Dot product
- Encrypted Comparison
- Encrypted $(\arg)\max$
- Private decision trees
- Encryption scheme switching

Classifiers from blocks



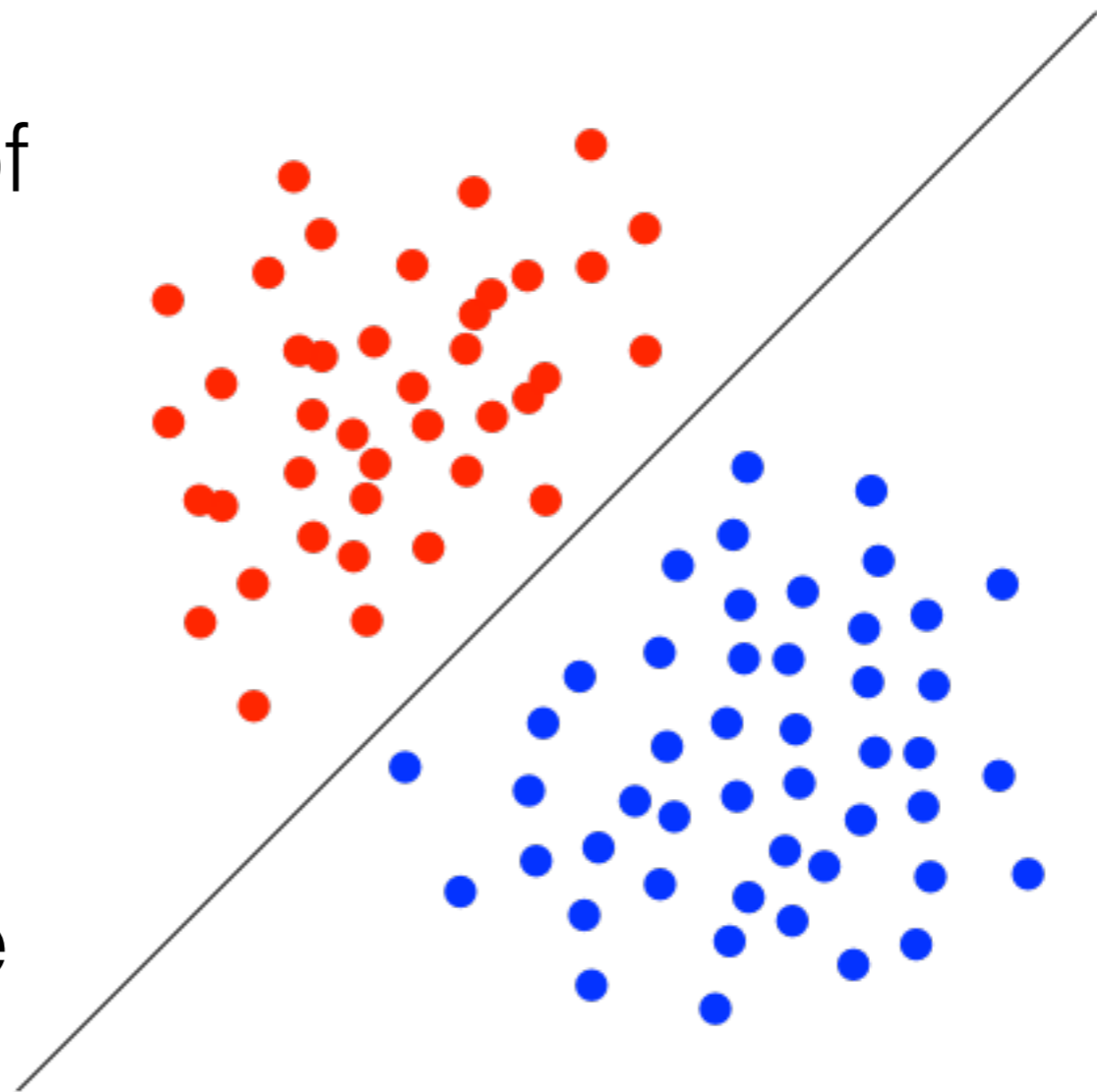
Classifiers

In Practice

- Linear Classifier
- Naïve Bayes Classifier
- Decision Trees

Linear Classifier

- Separate two sets of points
- Very common classifier
- Dot product + Encrypted compare



Linear Classifier

Model Size (dimension)	Time / protocol		Total	Comm.	Inter.
	Dot Product	Enc. Comp.			
30	<0.01s	0.194 s	0.204 s	35.84 kB	7
47	0.024 s	0.194 s	0.217 s	40.19 kB	7

Evaluation on UC Irvine ML databases
40 ms network latency
2,66 GHz Intel Core i7

Naïve Bayes Classifier

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{i \in [k]} p(C = c_i) \prod_{j=1}^d p(X_j = x_j | C = c_i)$$

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Naïve Bayes Classifier

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{i \in [k]} \underbrace{p(C = c_i)} \prod_{j=1}^d \underbrace{p(X_j = x_j | C = c_i)}$$

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{i \in [k]} \log p(C = c_i) \sum_{j=1}^d \log p(X_j = x_j | C = c_i)$$

- Additive homomorphism + Encrypted argmax

Naïve Bayes Classifier

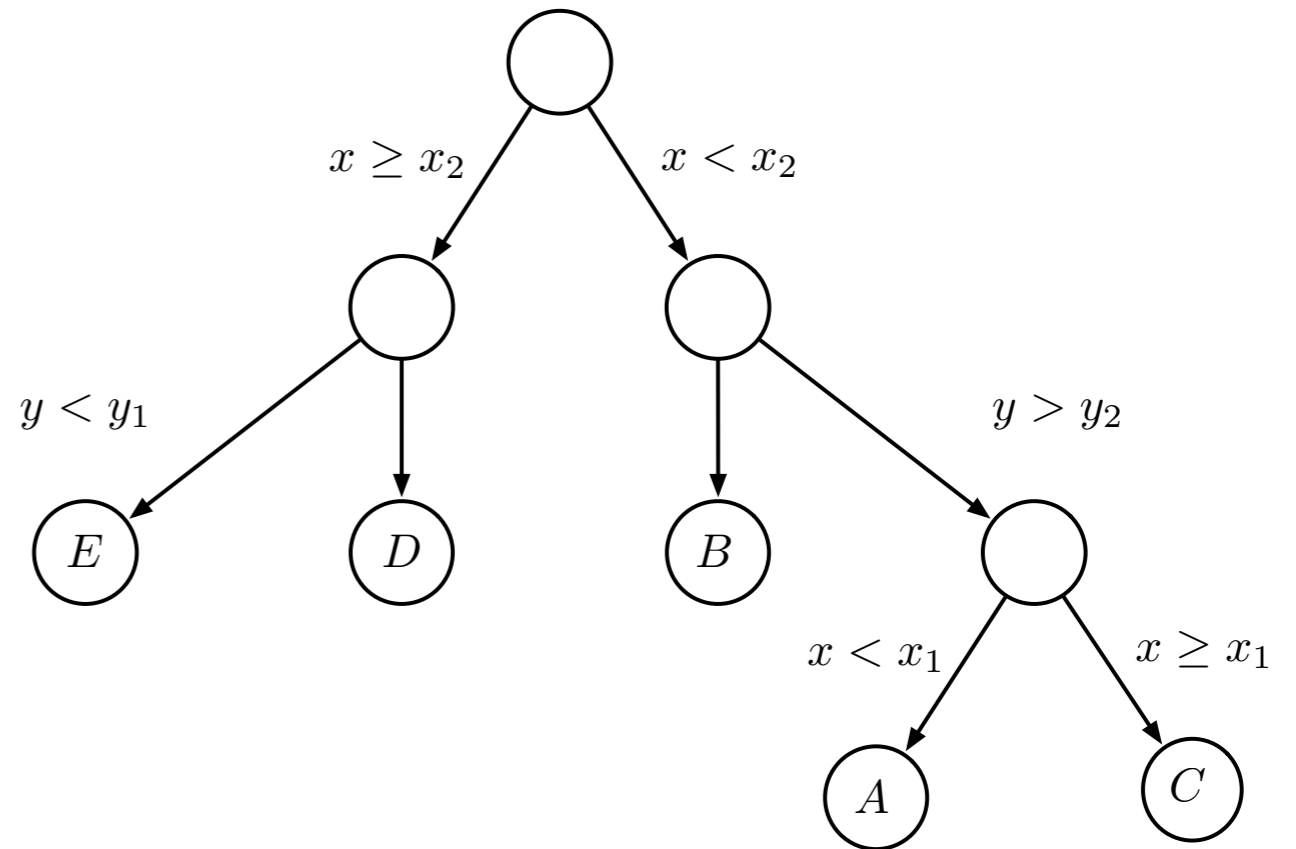
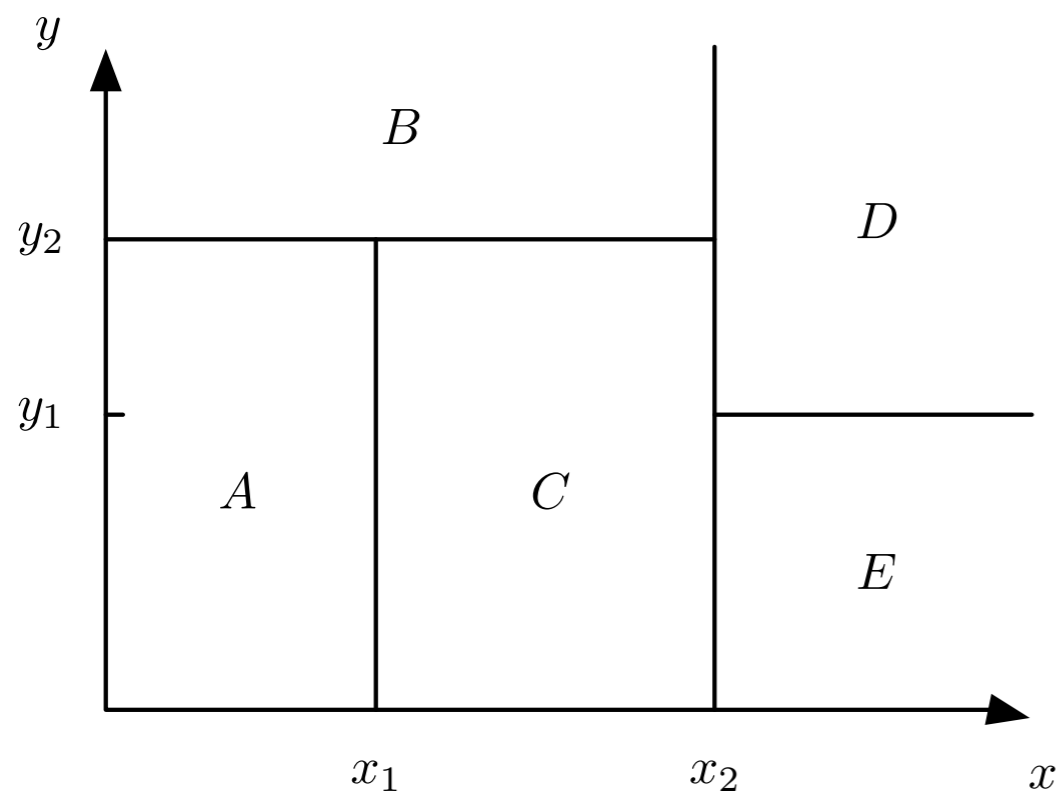
# Cat.	# Features	Argmax	Total Time	Comm.	Inter.
2	9	0.40 s	0.48 s	72.47 kB	14
5	9	1.33 s	1.42 s	150.7 kB	42
24	70	3.38 s	3.81 s	1911 kB	166

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Decision Trees



Decision Tree

- Combination of other classifiers
- In this example, linear classifiers
- Linear classifier + ES Switching + Decision Trees

Decision Tree

Tree Specs.		Time / Protocol			Total	Comm.	Inter.
Nodes	Depth	Lin. Class.	ES Switch	Decision Tree (FHE)			
4	4	0.45 s	1.64 s	0.27 s	2.3 s	2639 kB	30
6	4	1.41 s	7.41 s	0.93 s	9.8 s	3555 kB	44

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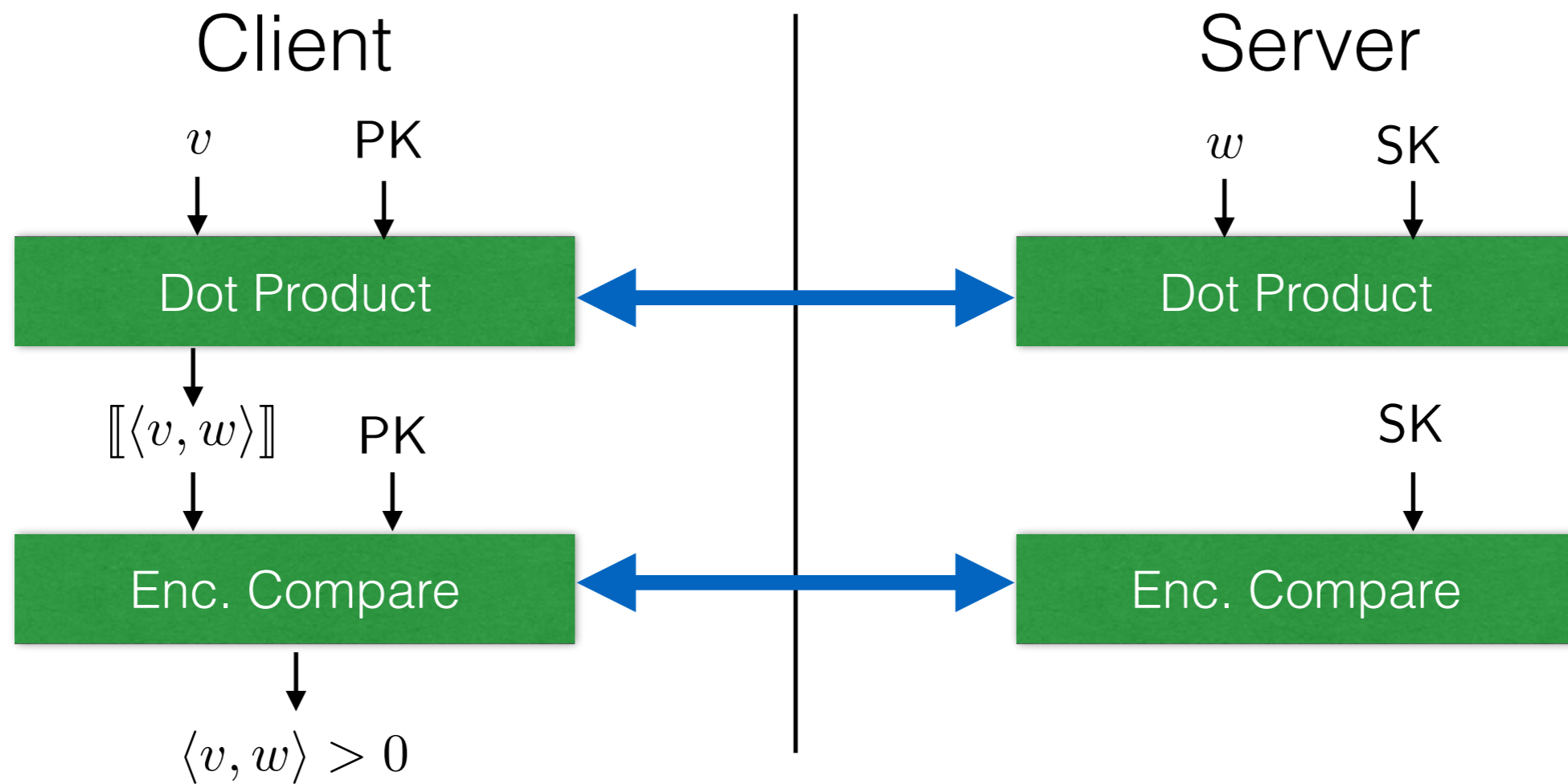
Run sequentially, can be parallelized

Building blocks library

- Designed to be modular
 - Easy composition
- Easy to construct new secure classifiers
 - Face detection algorithm (Viola & Jones)

Building blocks library

E.g.: Linear Classifier



Building blocks library

E.g.: Linear Classifier

Client

```
bool Linear_Classifier_Client::run()
{
    exchange_keys();

    // values_ is a vector of integers
    // compute the dot product
    mpz_class v = compute_dot_product(values_);
    mpz_class w = 1; // encryption of 0

    // compare the dot product with 0
    return enc_comparison(v, w, bit_size_, false);
}
```

Server

```
void Linear_Classifier_Server_session:: run_session()
{
    exchange_keys();

    // enc_model_ is the encrypted model vector
    // compute the dot product
    help_compute_dot_product(enc_model_, true);

    // help the client to get
    // the sign of the dot product
    help_enc_comparison(bit_size_, false);
}
```

In conclusion

- Composable building blocks for secure classifiers
- Library with practical performances

Future work :

- Less roundtrips (work on the protocols)
- More parallelism (work on the implementation)

Questions?